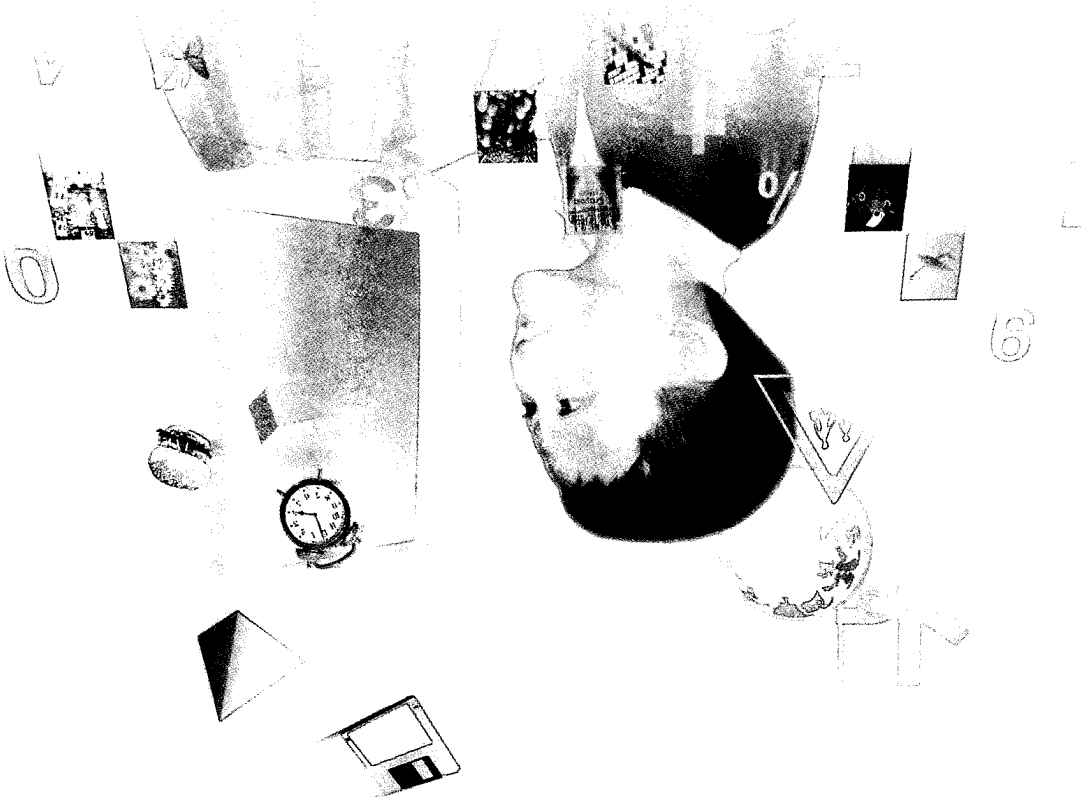


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THINKING MATHEMATICS WORKBOOK 2

3B



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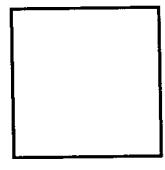
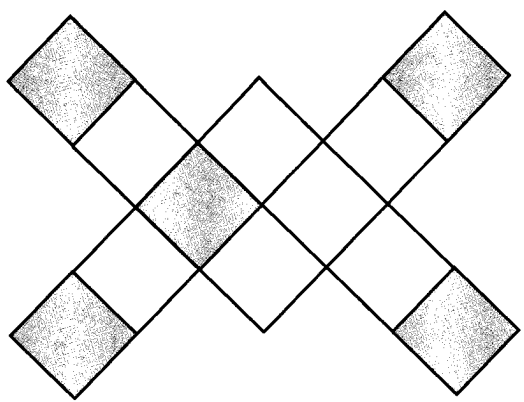
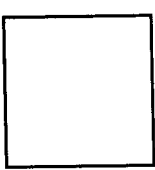
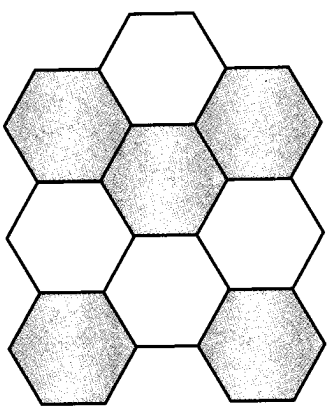
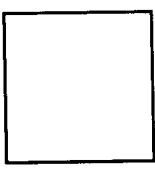
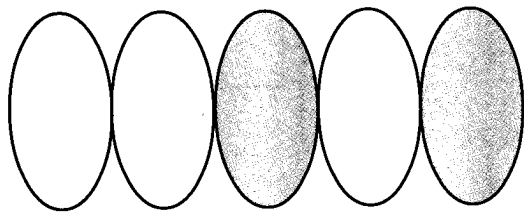
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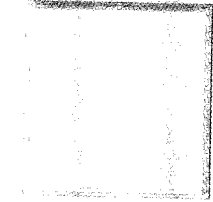
Fractions

Exercise one

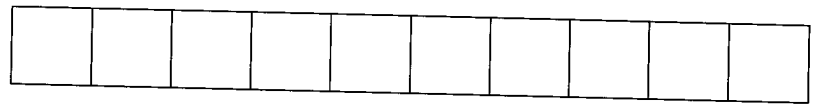


1. What fraction of the figure is shaded?

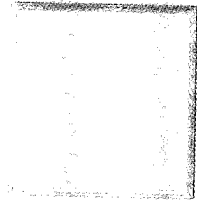




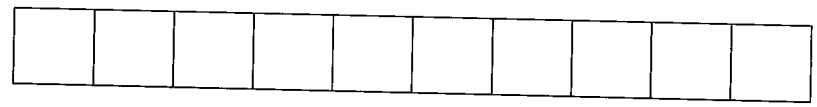
10 tenths



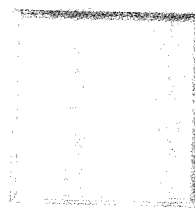
(p)



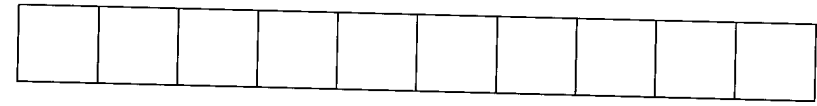
7 tenths



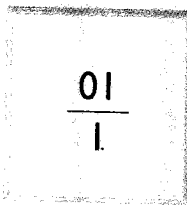
(c)



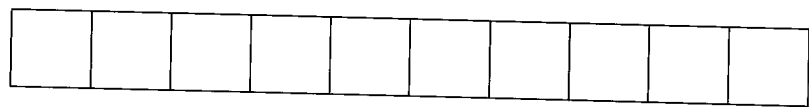
3 tenths



(b)



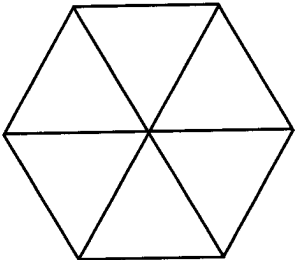
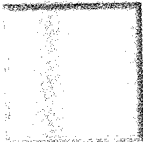
1 tenth

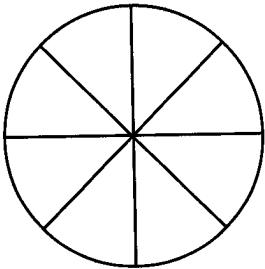



(a)

2. Shade the square(s) on each bar to show the given fraction. Write each fraction as shown in part (a).

3. Shade each shape to represent the given fraction. Write the fraction in the box to show the numerator and denominator.

(a)  2 sixths 

(b)  7 eighths 


4. Write the numerator of each given fraction.


(a) $\frac{3}{1}$ _____

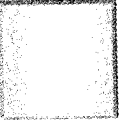
(b) $\frac{5}{2}$ _____

(c) $\frac{6}{4}$ _____

5. Write the denominator of each given fraction.

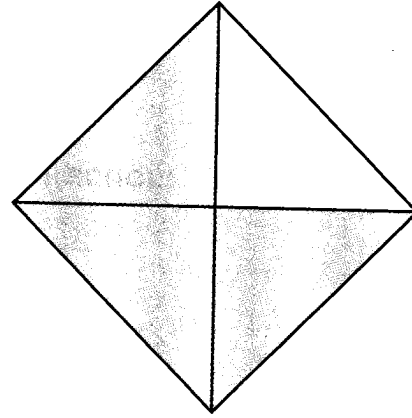
(a) $\frac{8}{2}$  ←

(b) $\frac{7}{3}$  ←

(c) $\frac{5}{4}$  ←

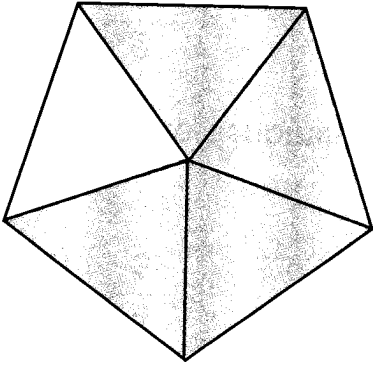
	Fraction
	Numerator
	Denominator

	Fraction
	Numerator
	Denominator



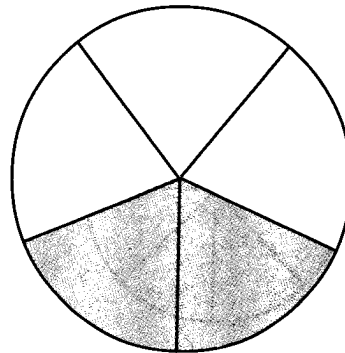
(c)

(d)



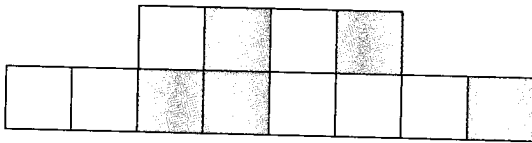
	Fraction
	Numerator
	Denominator

	Fraction
	Numerator
	Denominator



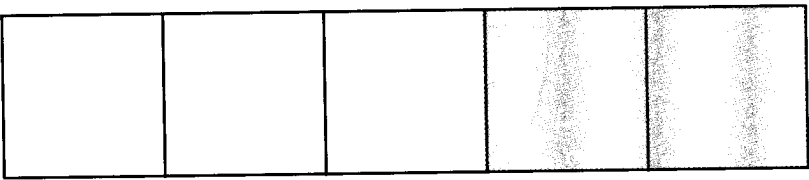
(a)

(b)



6. What fraction of each figure is shaded? What is the numerator and denominator of each fraction?

7. Look at the figures. Fill in the blanks.



(a)

1 whole = _____ fifths.

_____ parts are shaded.

_____ parts are not shaded.

The fraction shaded is _____.

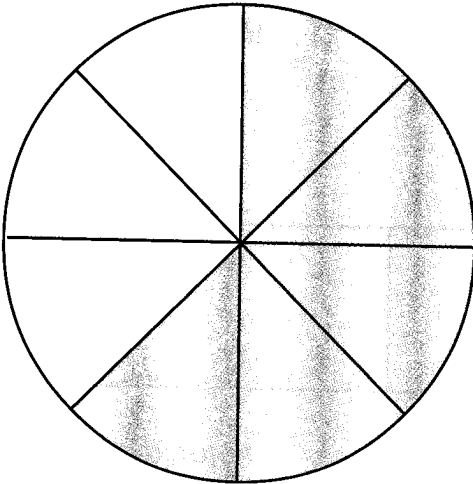


1 whole = _____ twelfths.

_____ parts are shaded.

_____ parts are not shaded.

The fraction shaded is _____.



(c)

1 whole = _____ eighths.

_____ parts are shaded.

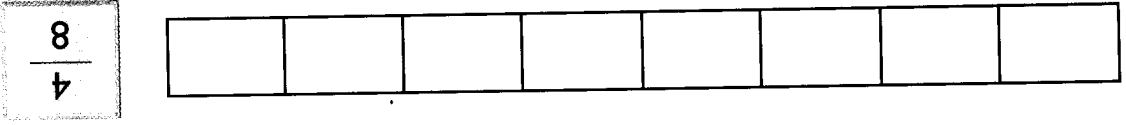
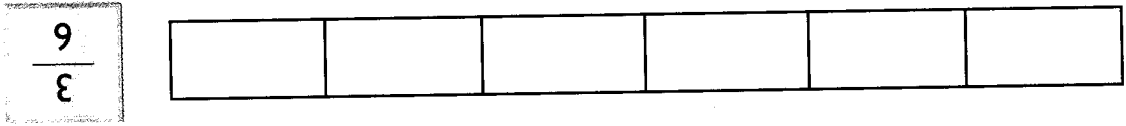
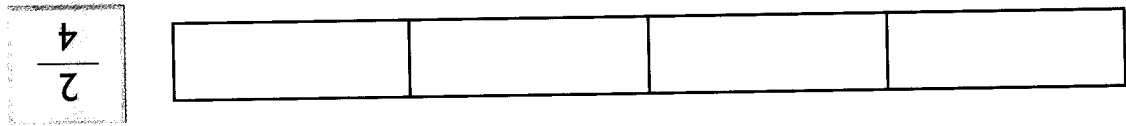
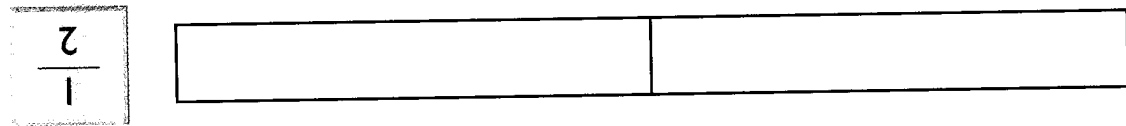
_____ parts are not shaded.

The fraction shaded is _____.

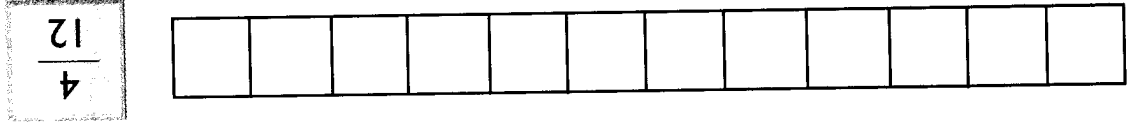
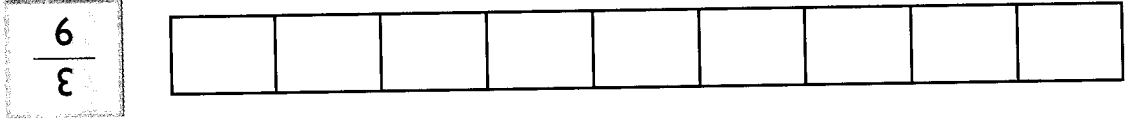
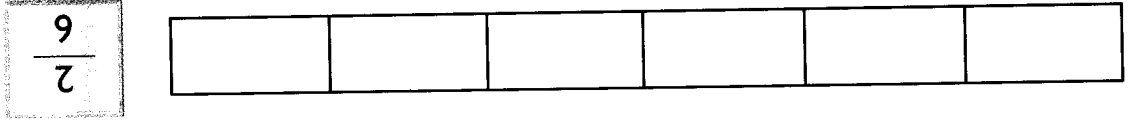
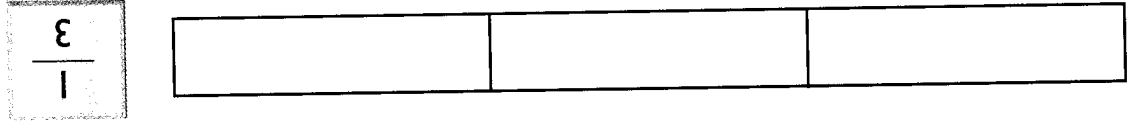
Exercise two

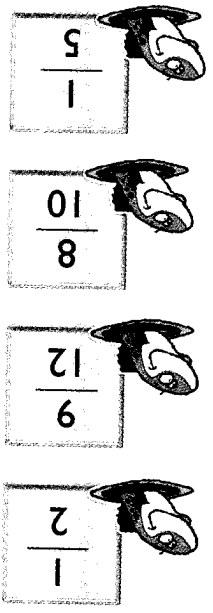
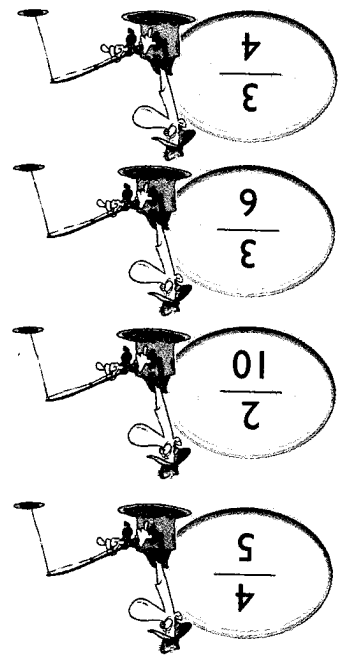
1. Shade to show the equivalent fractions.

(a)



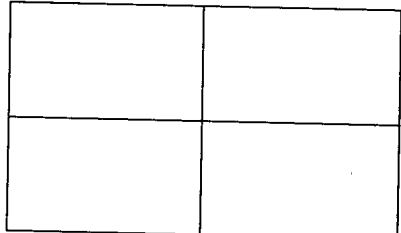
(b)





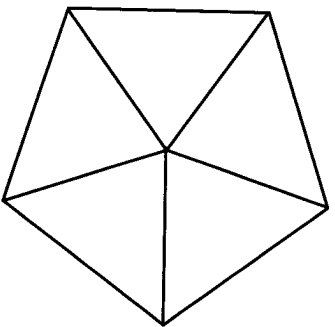
2. Match the following.

$\frac{4}{3}$



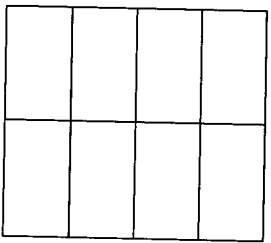
(p)

$\frac{5}{2}$

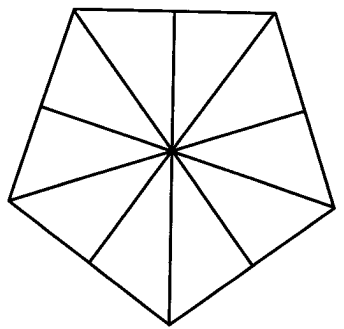


(c)

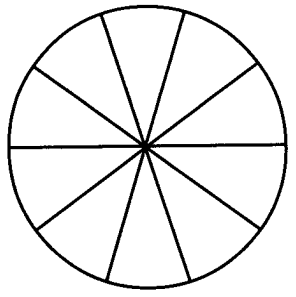
$\frac{8}{6}$



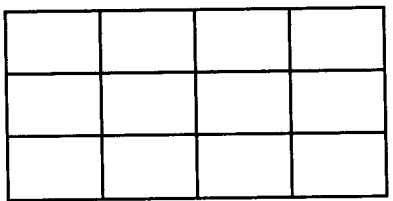
$\frac{10}{4}$



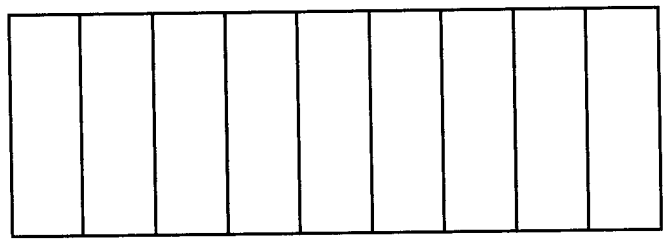
3. Shade to show equivalent fractions. Write the equivalent fraction.



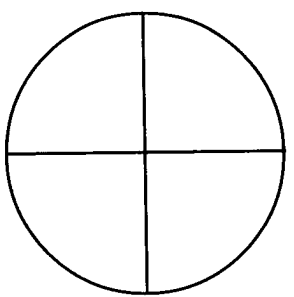
$$\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{5}{4} \quad (p)$$



$$\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{4}{3} \quad (c)$$



$$\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{3}{2} \quad (b)$$



$$\frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (a)$$

$$\frac{\square}{4} = \frac{12}{8} \quad (\text{f})$$

$$\frac{10}{\square} = \frac{5}{4} \quad (\text{e})$$

$$\frac{\square}{1} = \frac{10}{2} \quad (\text{d})$$

$$\frac{\square}{8} = \frac{3}{2} \quad (\text{c})$$

$$\frac{4}{\square} = \frac{12}{6} \quad (\text{b})$$

$$\frac{8}{\square} = \frac{2}{1} \quad (\text{a})$$

4. Fill in the numerators or denominators to complete the equivalent fractions.

5. Fill in the missing numerators or denominators to complete the equivalent fractions.

$$(a) \quad \frac{5}{10} = \frac{\square}{1} = \frac{6}{\square}$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{\square}{4} = \frac{9}{3} = \frac{3}{\square}$$

$$(e) \quad \frac{8}{\square} = \frac{\square}{3} = \frac{12}{9}$$

6. Write each fraction in its simplest form.

$$(a) \quad \frac{6}{12} = \square$$

$$(b) \quad \frac{9}{6} = \square$$

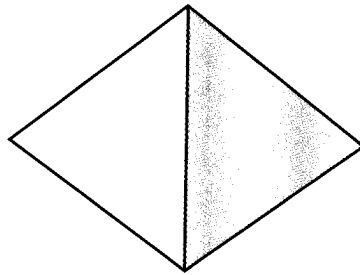
$$(c) \quad \frac{8}{4} = \square$$

$$(d) \quad \frac{8}{12} = \square$$

Exercise three

1. Circle the larger fraction.

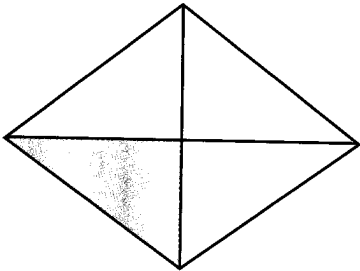
(a)



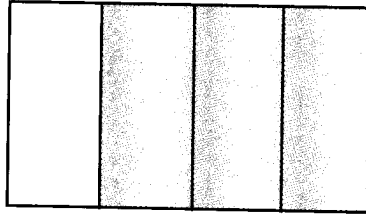
$$\frac{2}{1}$$

or

$$\frac{1}{4}$$



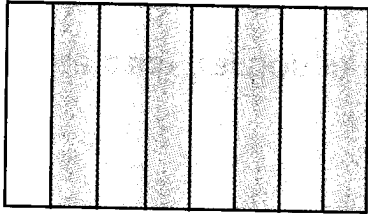
(b)



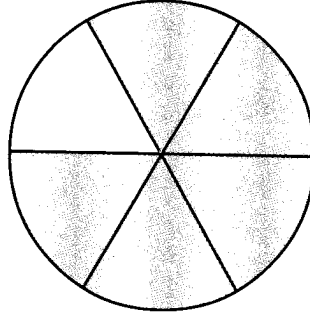
$$\frac{4}{3}$$

or

$$\frac{8}{7}$$



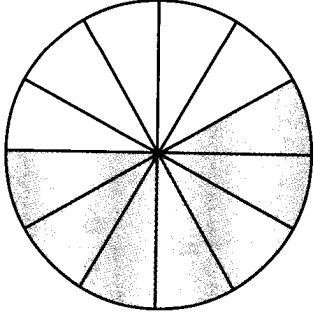
(c)



$$\frac{6}{5}$$

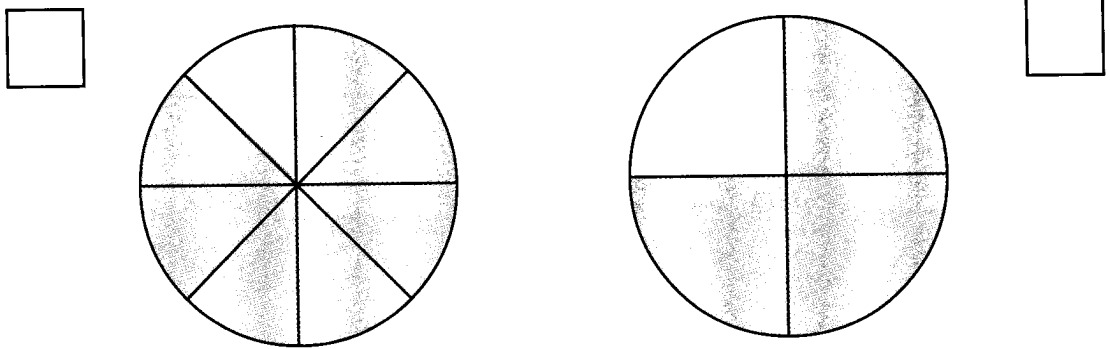
or

$$\frac{12}{7}$$



2. What fraction of each figure is shaded? Tick the larger fraction.

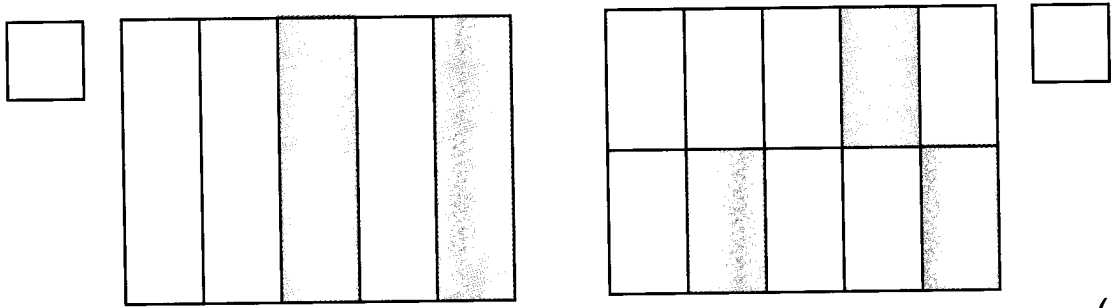
(a)



The fraction is _____.

The fraction is _____.

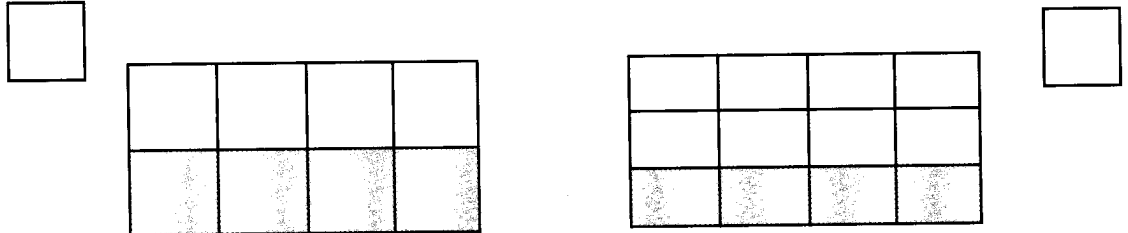
(b)



The fraction is _____.

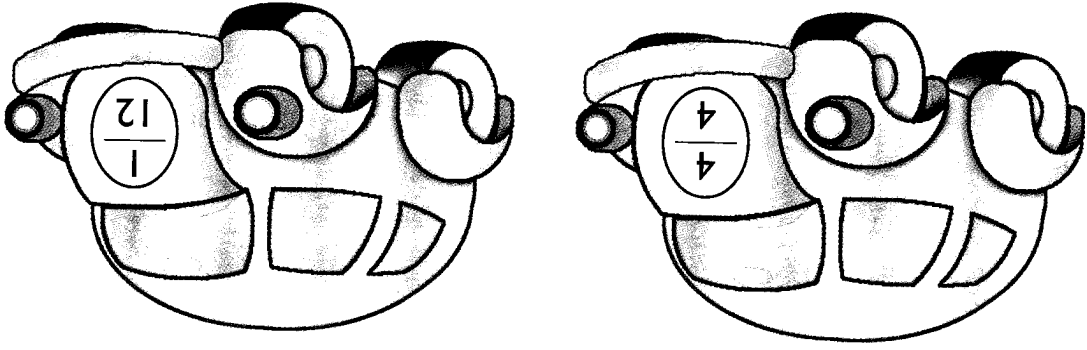
The fraction is _____.

(c)

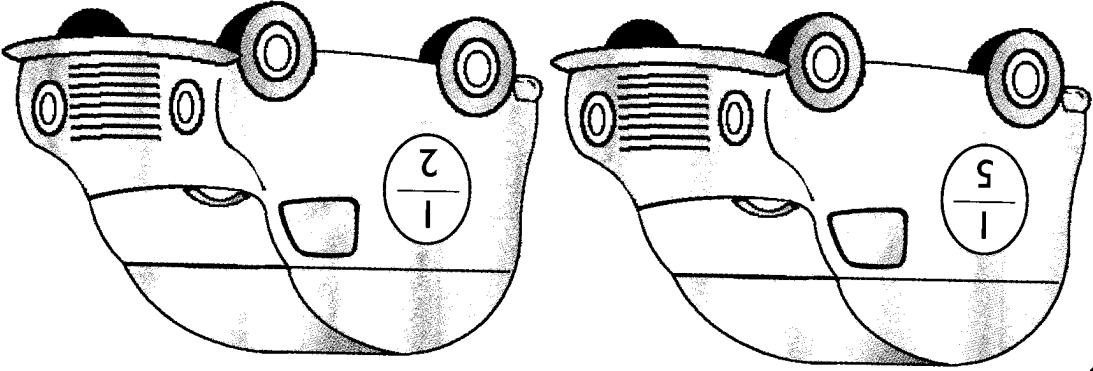


The fraction is _____.

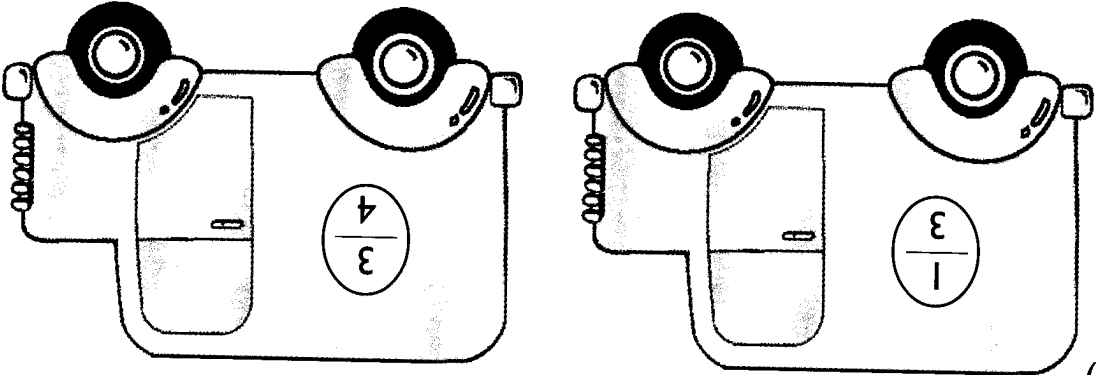
The fraction is _____.



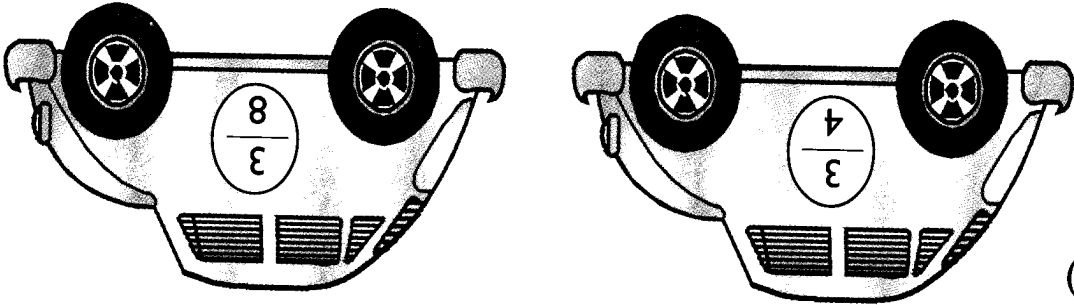
(p)



(c)



(b)

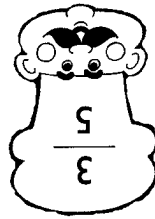


(a)

3. Cross out the vehicle with the smaller fraction.

4. Circle the larger fraction.

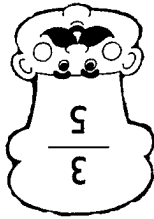
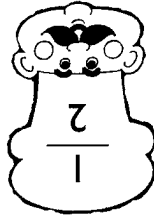
(a)



(b)

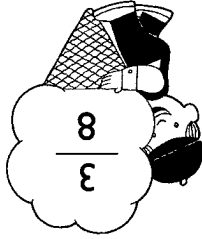


(c)



5. Arrange these fractions in order. Begin with the largest.

(a)

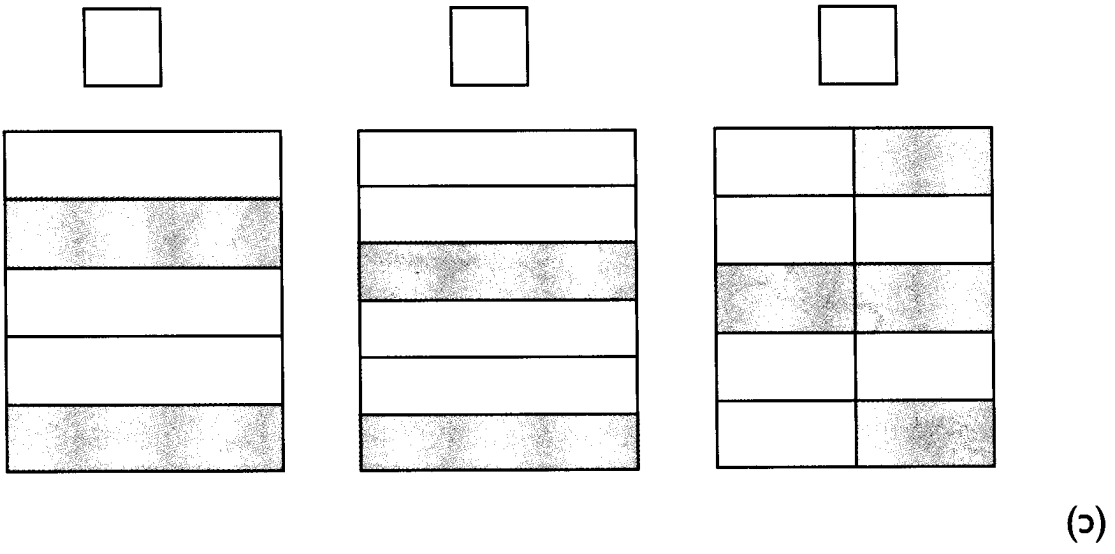
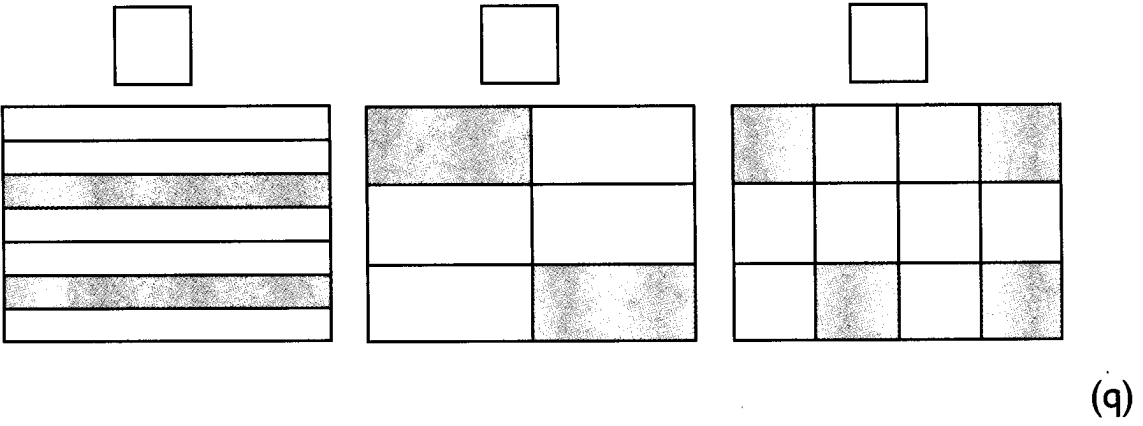
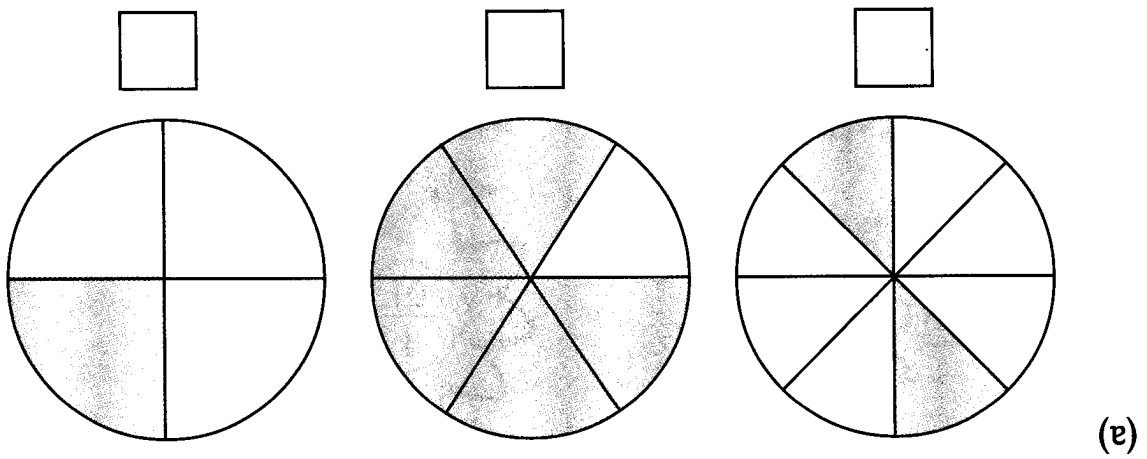


6. Arrange these fractions in order. Begin with the smallest fraction.
- (a) $\frac{5}{3}$, $\frac{7}{4}$, $\frac{7}{7}$, $\frac{7}{3}$: _____, _____, _____, _____
- (b) $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{8}{9}$, $\frac{3}{3}$: _____, _____, _____
- (c) $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{10}$: _____, _____, _____
- (d) $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{9}$, $\frac{3}{12}$: _____, _____, _____, _____

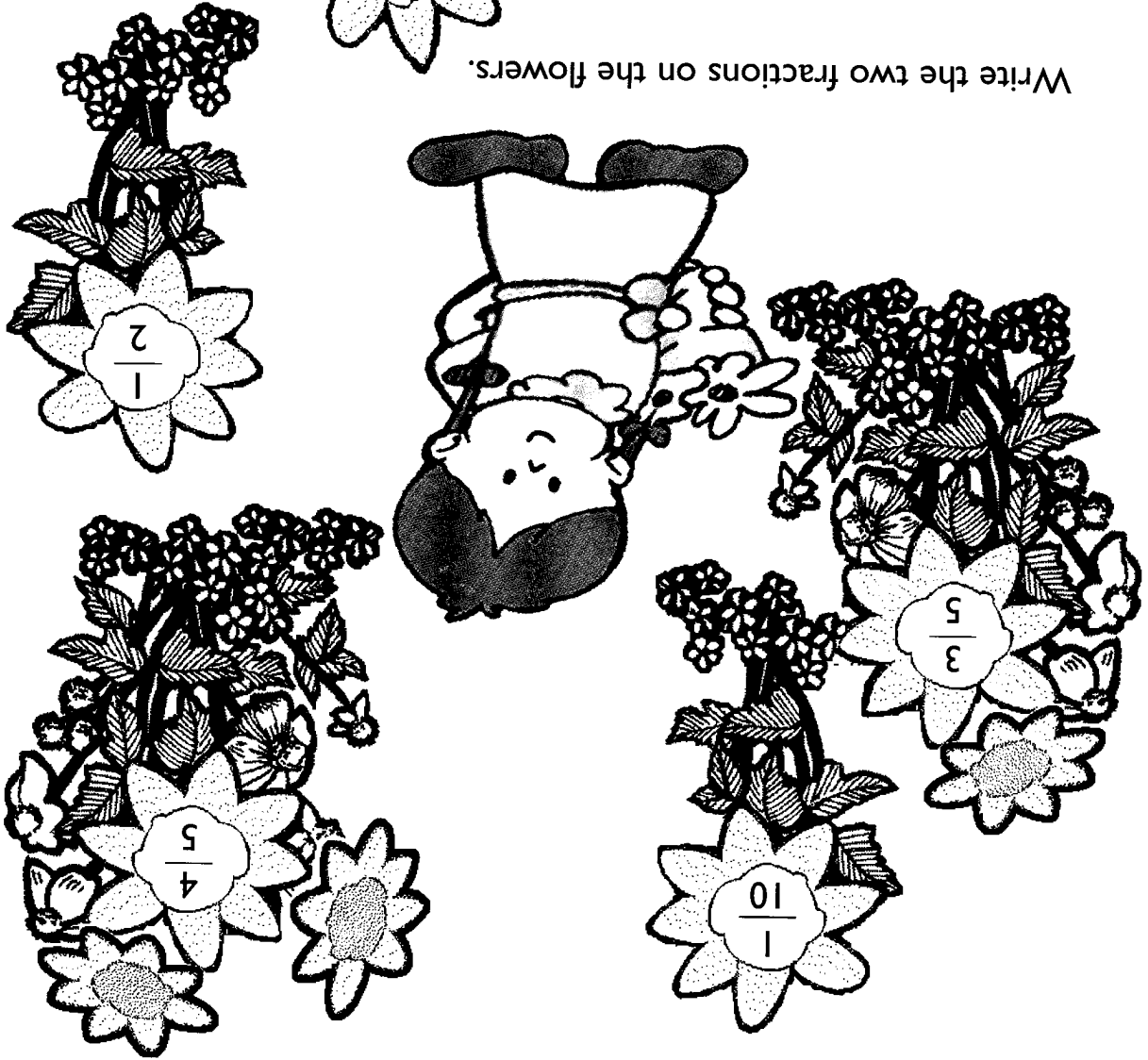
(c)

(b)

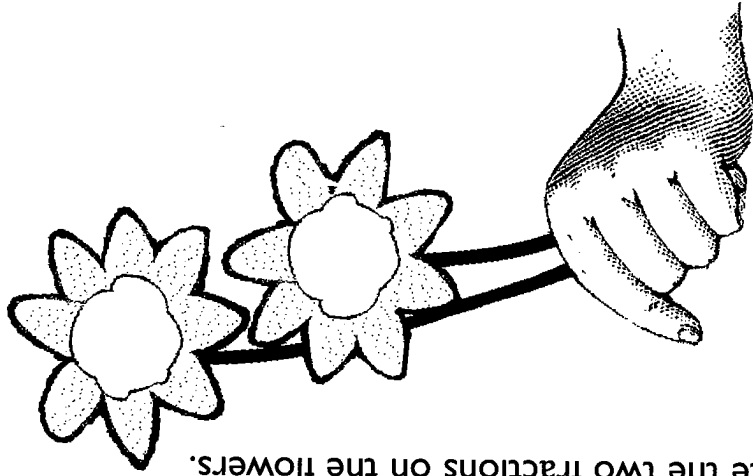
7. What fraction of each figure is shaded? Tick the fraction in each set that is not equivalent to the rest.



8. Mary is off to visit her grandmother. Before leaving, Mary wishes to pick some flowers for her. Help Mary choose two flowers with the largest and the smallest fractions.



Write the two fractions on the flowers.

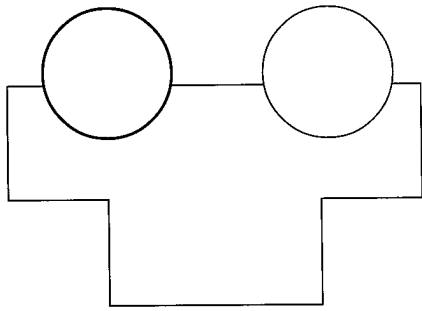


Geometry

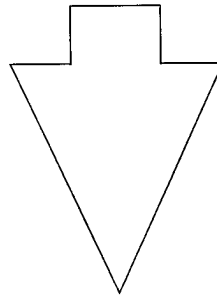
Exercise one



1. Mark all the right angles shown in the figures.

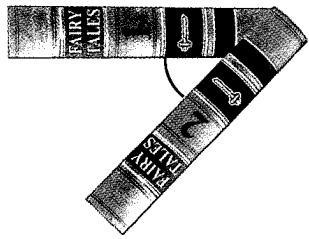


(a)

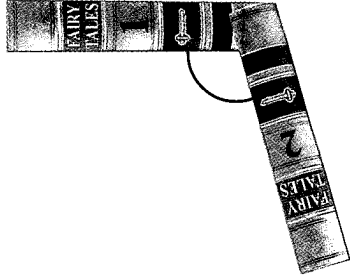


(b)

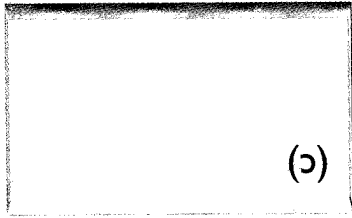
2. Write 'smaller than a right angle' and 'larger than a right angle' in the correct boxes.



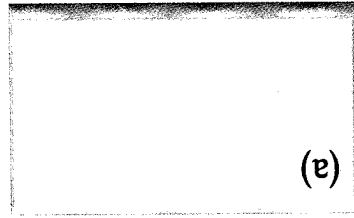
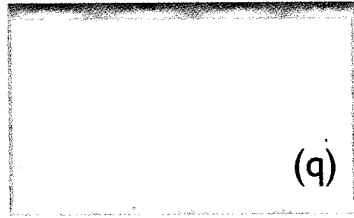
(a)

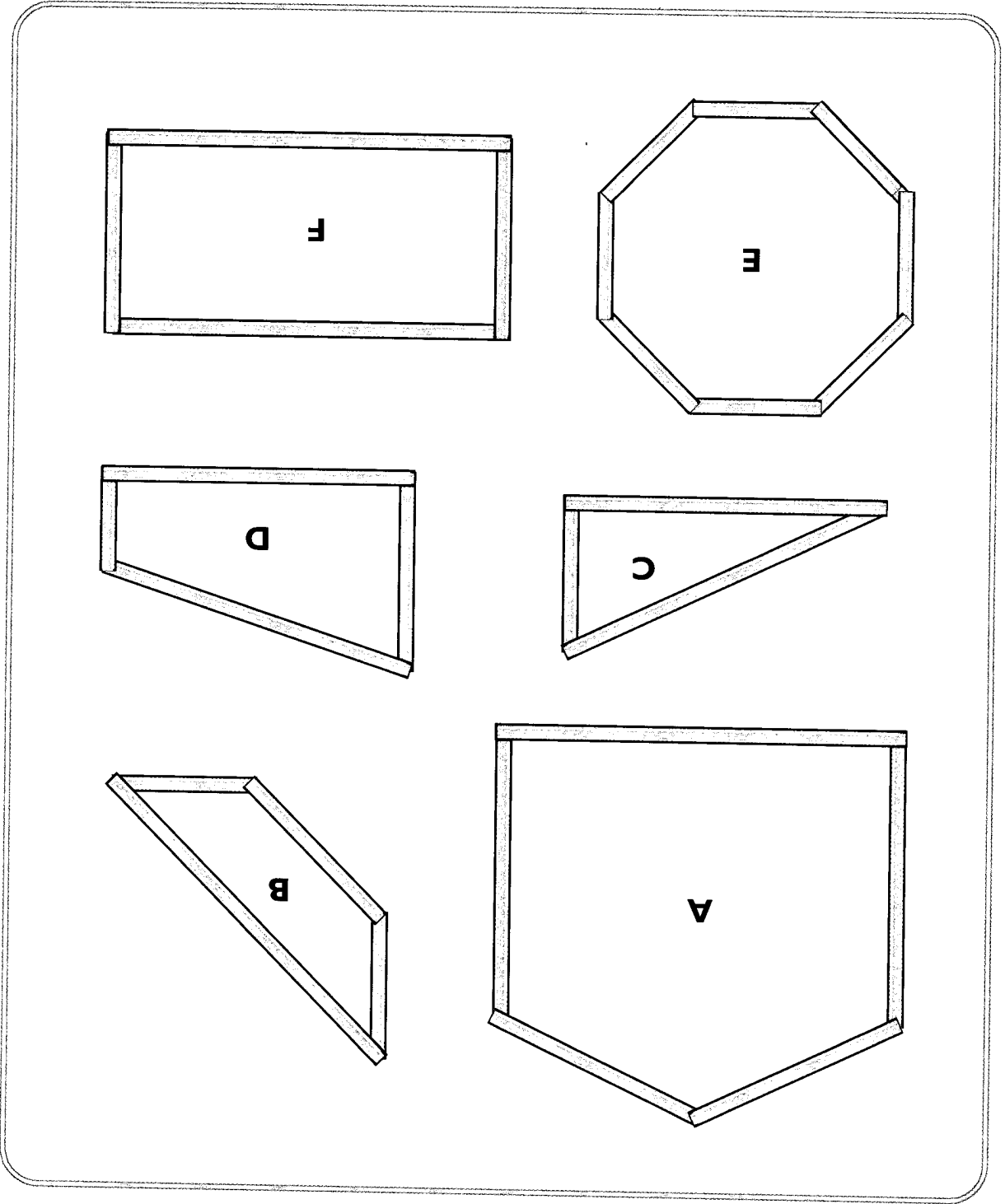


(b)



(c)



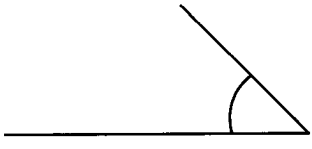
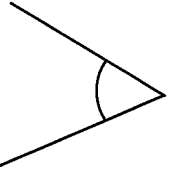
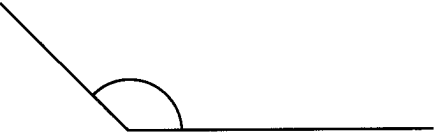

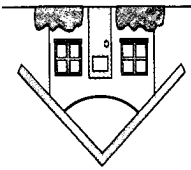
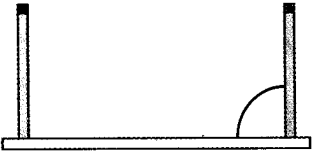


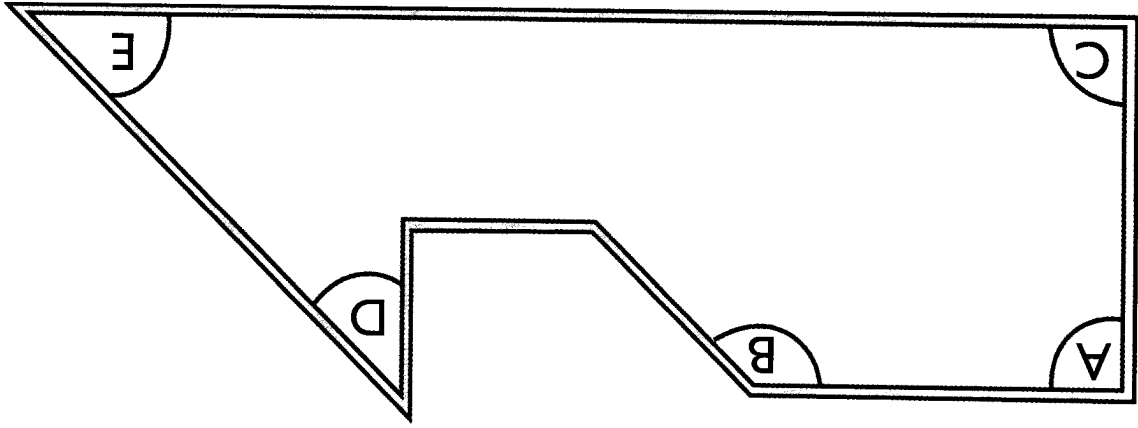
3. Mark out all the angles inside each figure.

Exercise two

1. Write the following correctly to show the angle given:

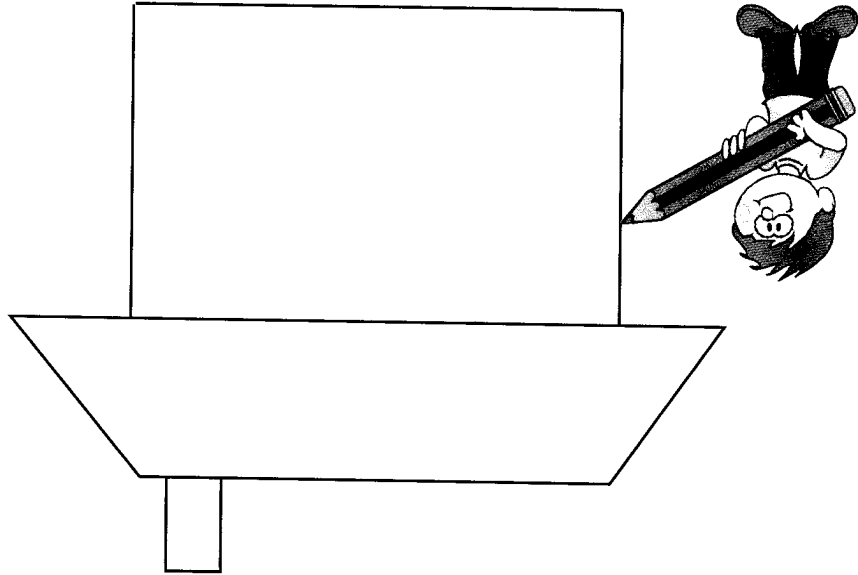
- Smaller than a right angle
- Larger than a right angle
- Equal to a right angle

	 <p>(a)</p>
	 <p>(b)</p>
	 <p>(c)</p>
	 <p>(d)</p>
	 <p>(e)</p>
	 <p>(f)</p>



'smaller than a right angle'
'larger than a right angle'
'a right angle'

3. Look at the following angles. Fill in the blanks (on the next page) with one of the following:
- How many right angles are there? _____
- How many angles are larger than a right angle? _____
- How many angles are smaller than a right angle? _____



2. Andy has done a sketch of a house. Fill in the blanks.

Angle A is _____

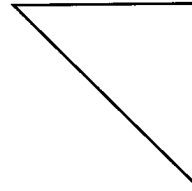
Angle B is _____

Angle C is _____

Angle D is _____

Angle E is _____

4. Look at the following shapes. Fill in the blanks.

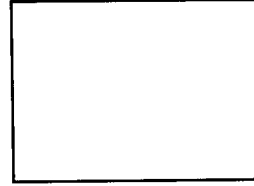


(a)

Number of sides: _____

Number of angles inside the shape: _____

Number of right angles inside the shape: _____

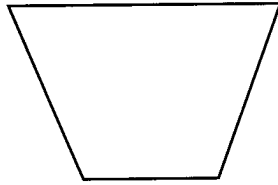


(c)

Number of sides: _____

Number of angles inside the shape: _____

Number of right angles inside the shape: _____

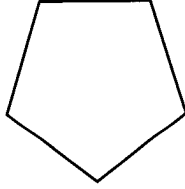


(b)

Number of sides: _____

Number of angles inside the shape: _____

Number of right angles inside the shape: _____



(d)

Number of sides: _____

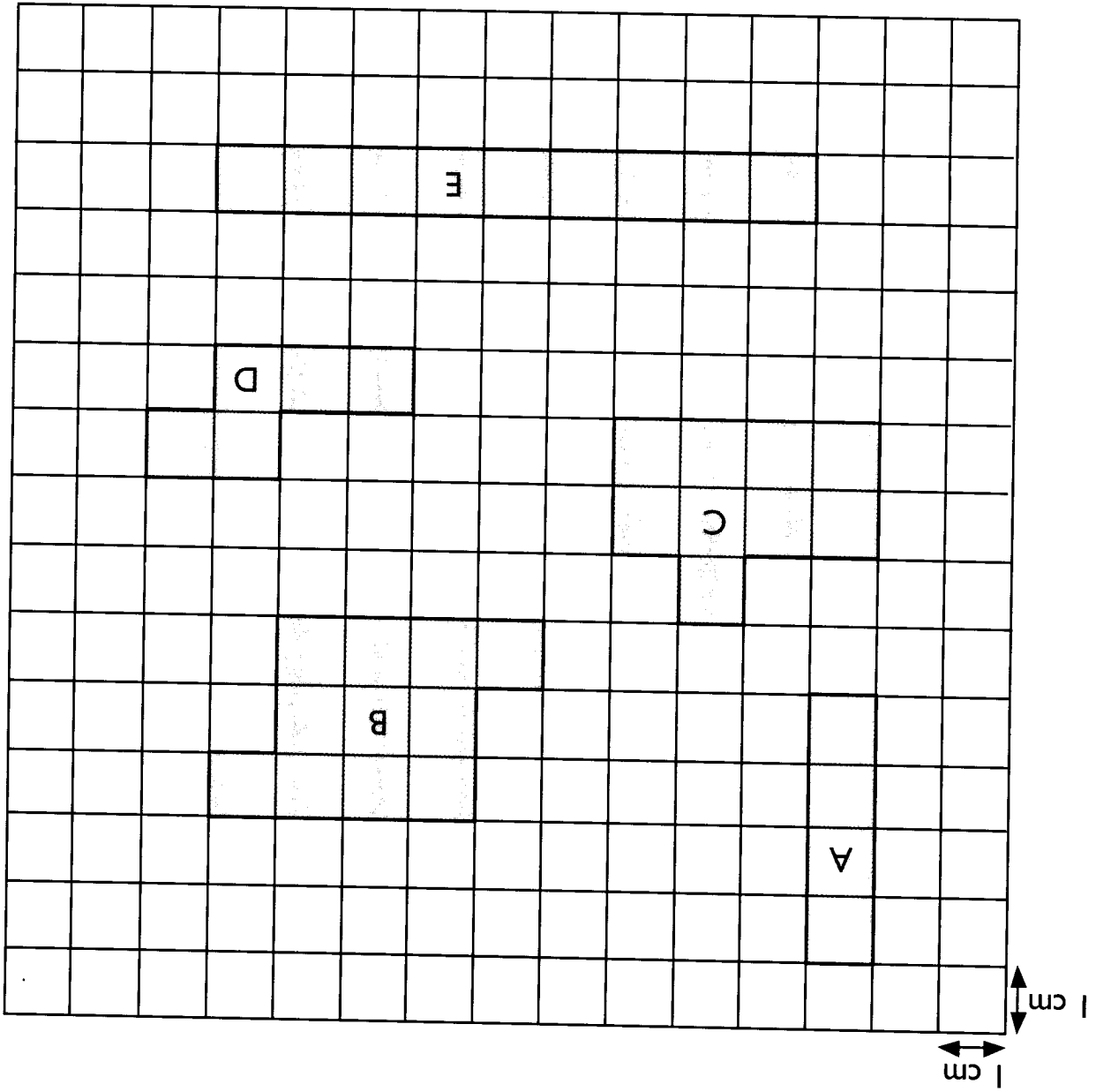
Number of angles inside the shape: _____

Number of right angles inside the shape: _____

Area And Perimeter

Exercise one

1. Tick the figure with the largest area and cross out the figure with the smallest area.



2. Match the figures to their areas. Each shows an area of 1 cm^2 .

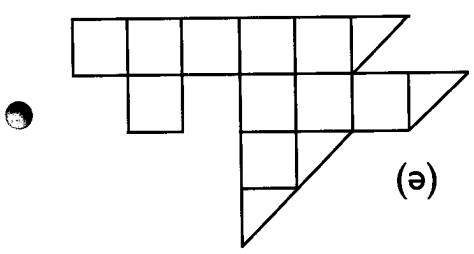
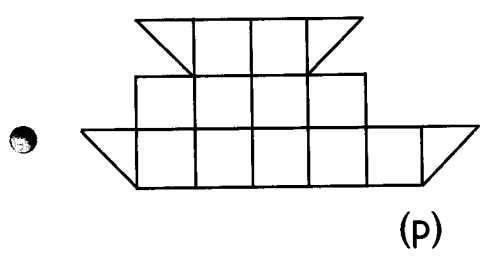
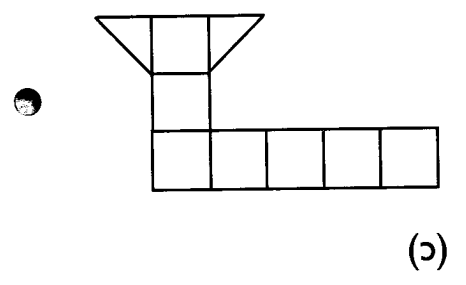
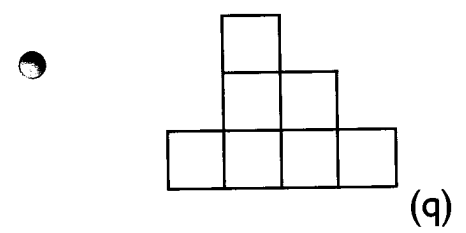
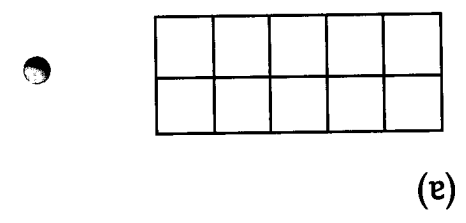
12 cm^2

8 cm^2

10 cm^2

13 cm^2

7 cm^2



3. Circle the more suitable unit used for measuring the area of the following:

(a) A postcard

cm^2 / m^2

(b) The floor of the living room

cm^2 / m^2

(c) The front cover of a story book

cm^2 / m^2

(d) Your TV screen

cm^2 / m^2

(e) A carpet for your bedroom

cm^2 / m^2

(f) Your front door

cm^2 / m^2

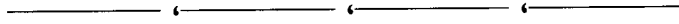


figure with the largest area.

- (c) List the figures in order from the figure with the smallest area to the
 (b) Which figure has the smallest area? _____

C: _____

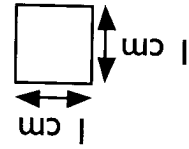
A: _____

D: _____

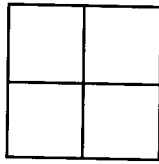
B: _____

4. (a) What is the area of each of the following figures? Each shows an area of 1 yd².

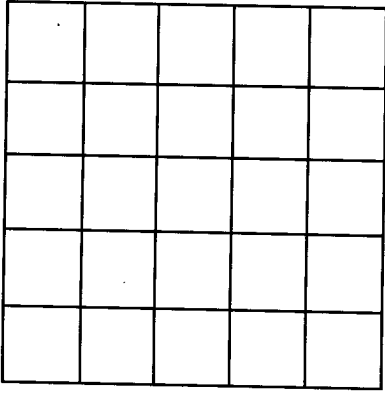
5. Look at these squares. Write the areas of these squares in square centimeters.



(a)



(b)



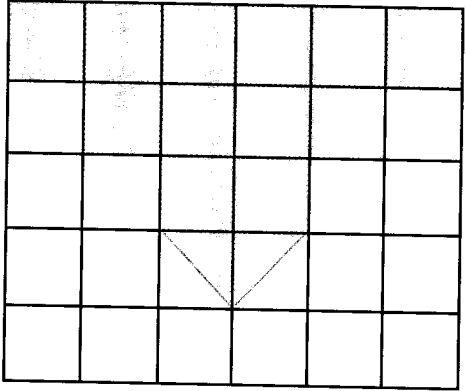
(c)

Area = _____

Area = _____

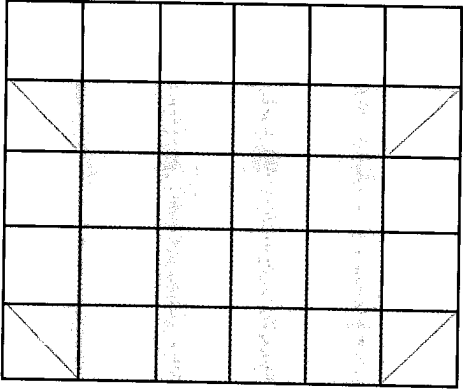
Area = _____

6. Find the area of the shaded shapes. Each  shows an area of 1 in².



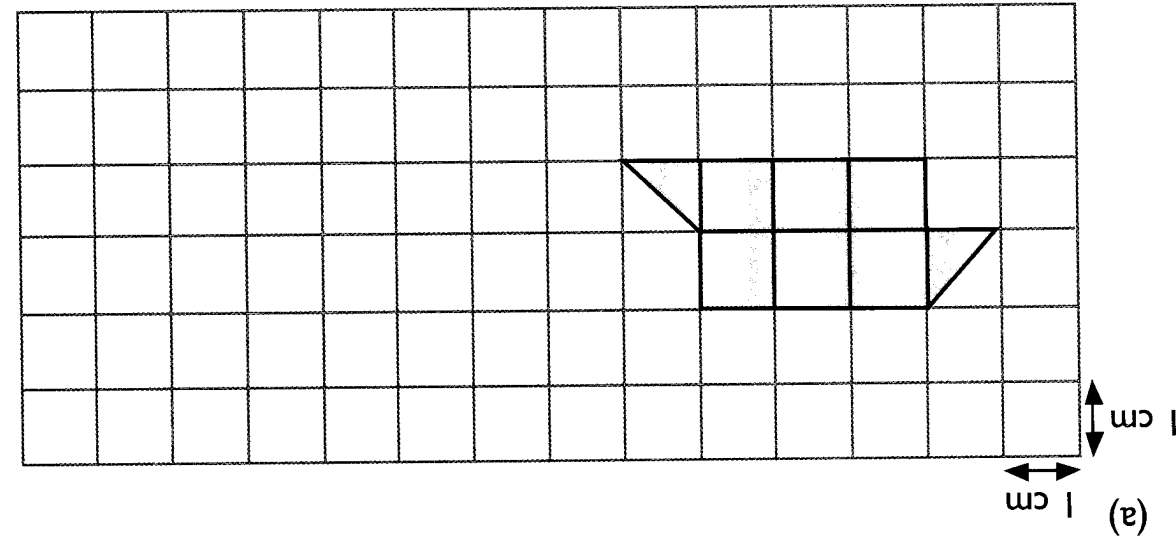
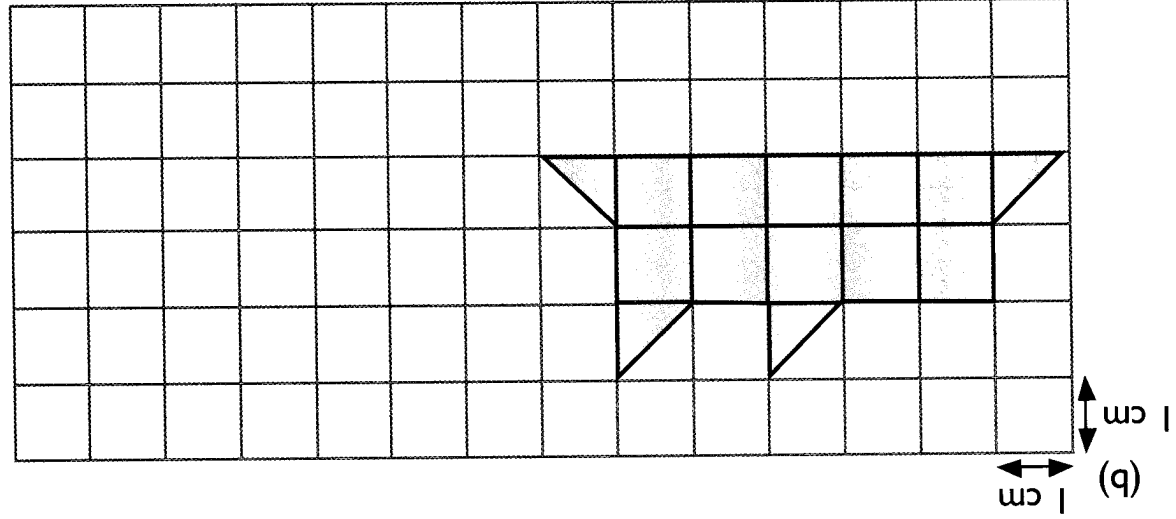
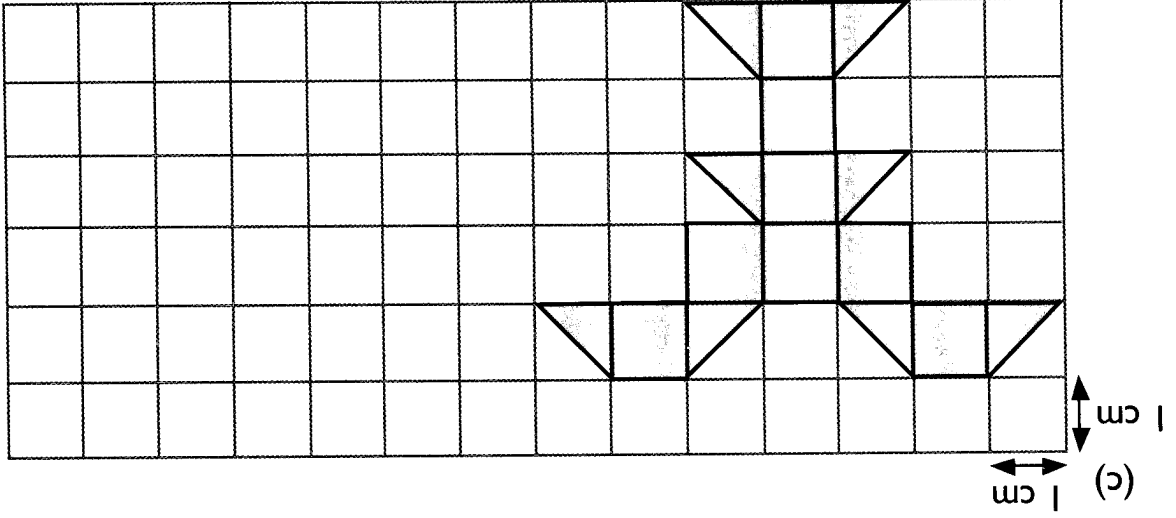
(a)

Area = _____



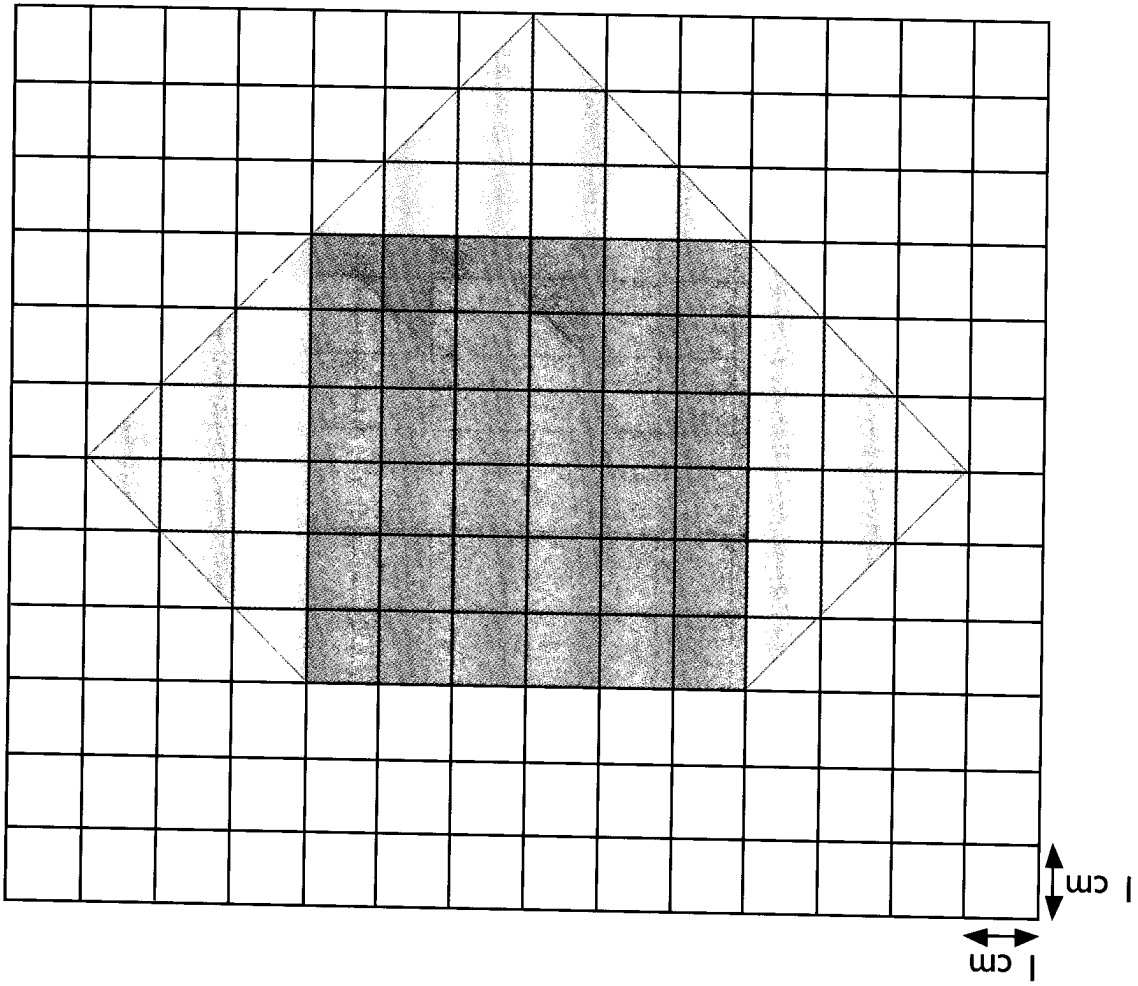
(b)

Area = _____



7. Draw another shape of the same area for each of the following figures.

8. A figure made up of 3 triangles and a square is drawn on a square grid as shown. Look at the figure carefully and fill in the blanks.



(a) What is the area of the shaded square?
_____ cm^2

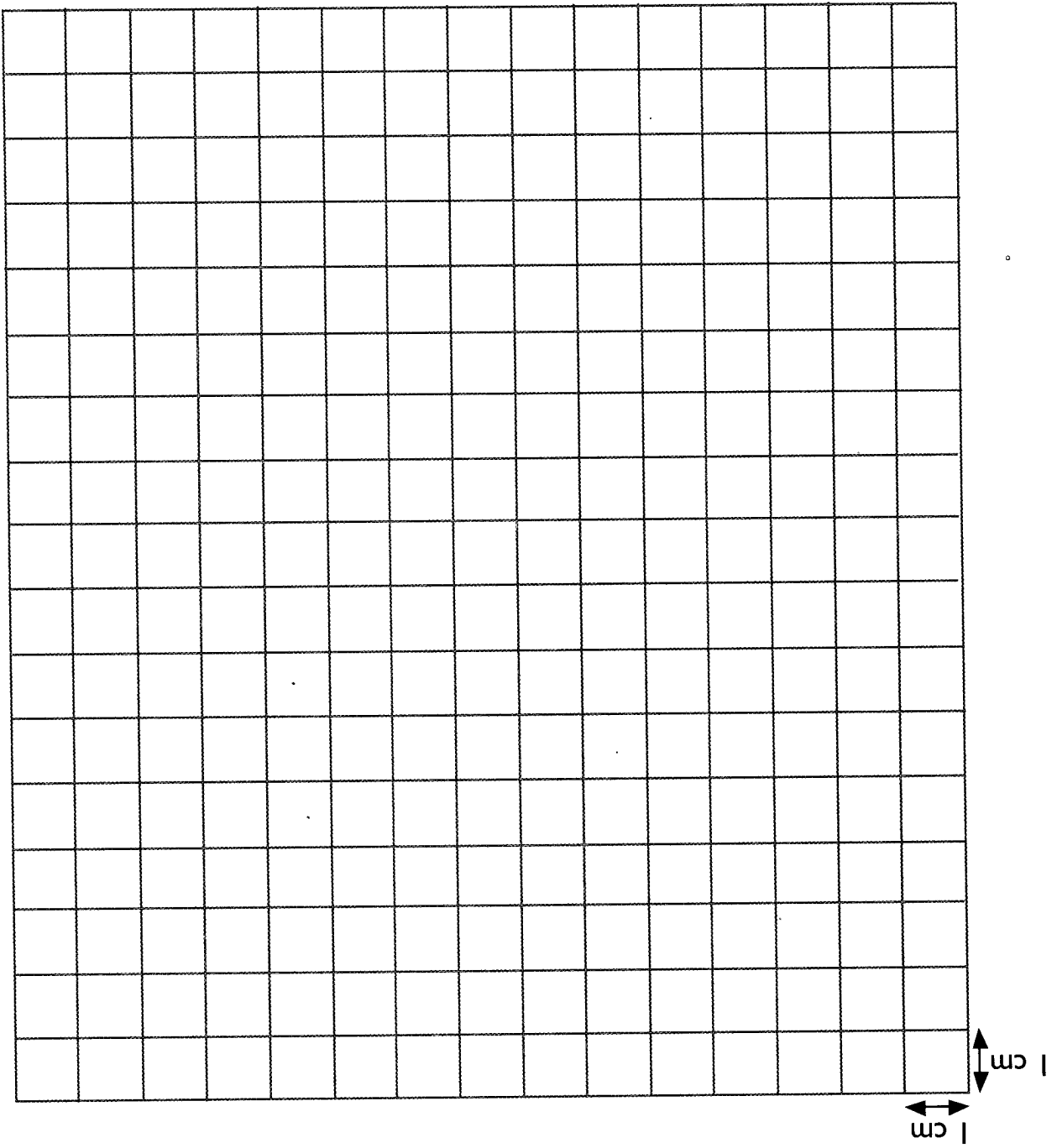
(b) What is the area of the 3 shaded triangles?
_____ cm^2

(c) What is the area of the whole shape?
_____ cm^2

9. Shade the squares to show figures with the following areas:

- 6 cm^2
- 12 cm^2
- 7 cm^2

Write the areas on the respective figures.

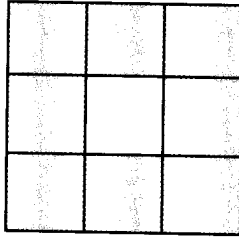


- (b) Repeat the process 2 more times to create Figure 4 and Figure 5. Discuss the different ways of finding the areas of Figure 4 and Figure 5.

- (a) Form a larger square by surrounding the square in Figure 2 with more 1 cm^2 squares.
Call the new square Figure 3.

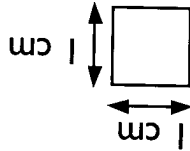
There are now 9 small squares altogether in this big square, covering a total area of 9 cm^2

Figure 2




A larger square is formed by placing 1 cm^2 squares around the original square as shown in Figure 2.

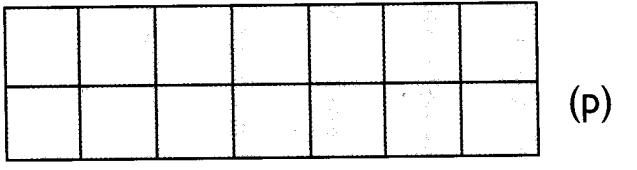
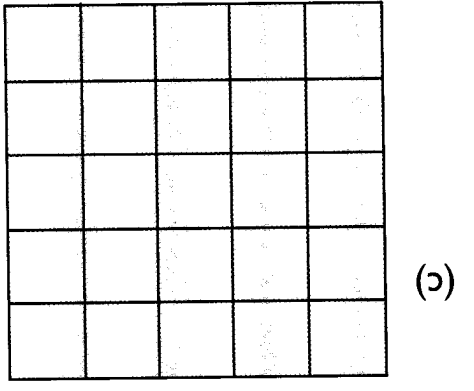
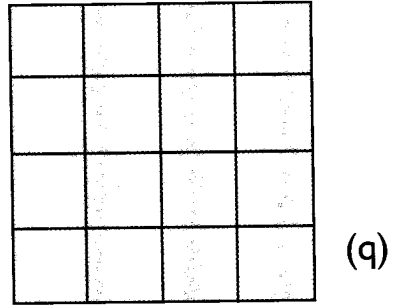
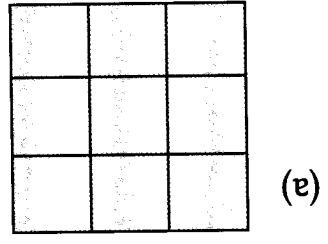
Figure 1



Let us start with a 1 cm by 1 cm square. Its area is 1 cm^2 .

Exercise two

1. Look at the following shapes and fill in the blanks. Each  shows an area of 1 cm².

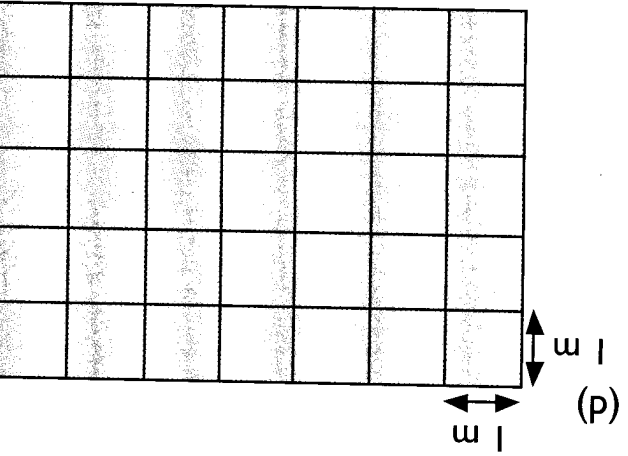


Area = _____

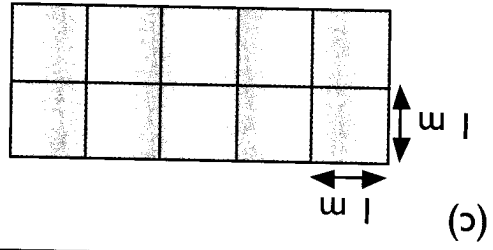
Area = _____

Area = _____

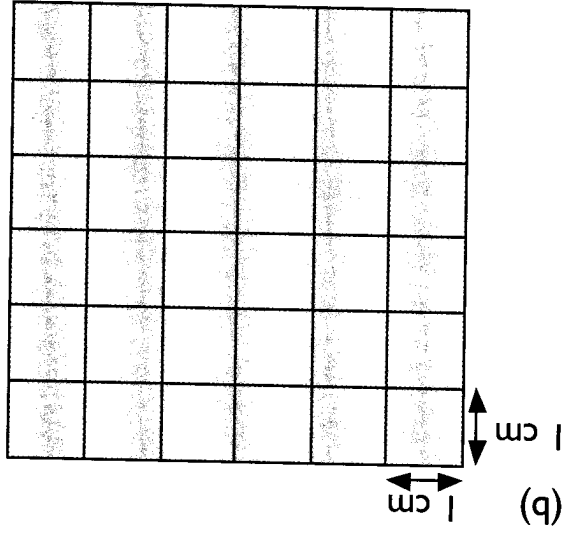
Area = _____



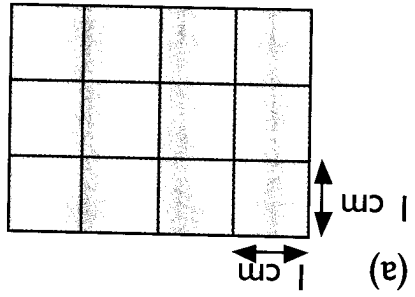
Area = _____ × _____ = _____ m²



Area = _____ × _____ = _____ m²



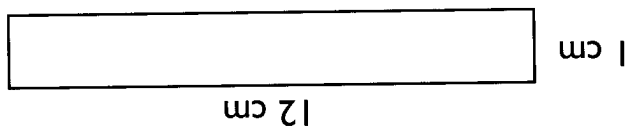
Area = _____ × _____ = _____ cm²



Area = _____ × _____ = _____ cm²

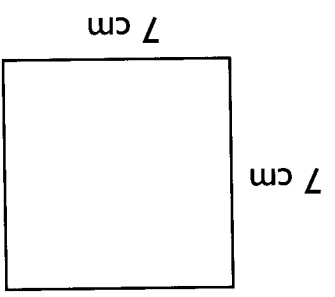
2. Find the area of the following figures.

3. Find the areas of the following figures.



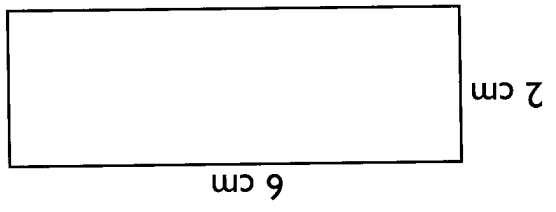
$$\text{Area} = \text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

(a)



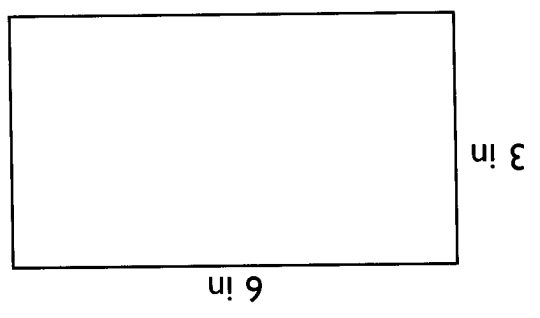
$$\text{Area} = \text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

(b)



$$\text{Area} = \text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

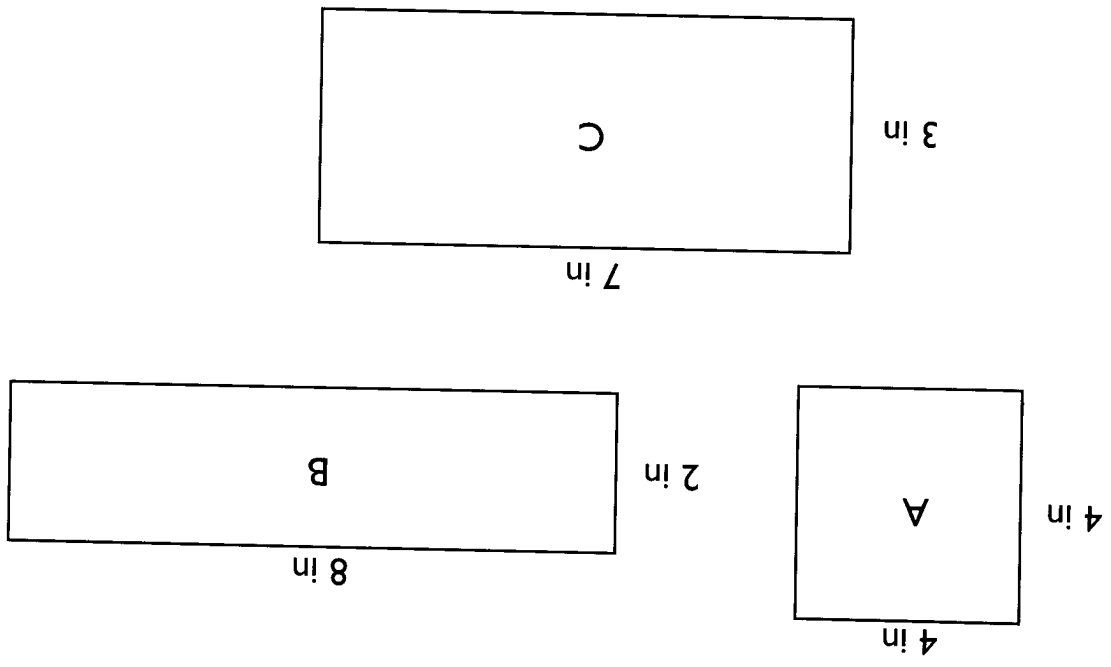
(c)



$$\text{Area} = \text{---} \times \text{---} = \text{---}$$

(d)

4. Answer the following questions.



(a) What is the area of each figure?

Area of A = _____ × _____ = _____ in²

Area of B = _____ × _____ = _____ in²

Area of C = _____ × _____ = _____ in²

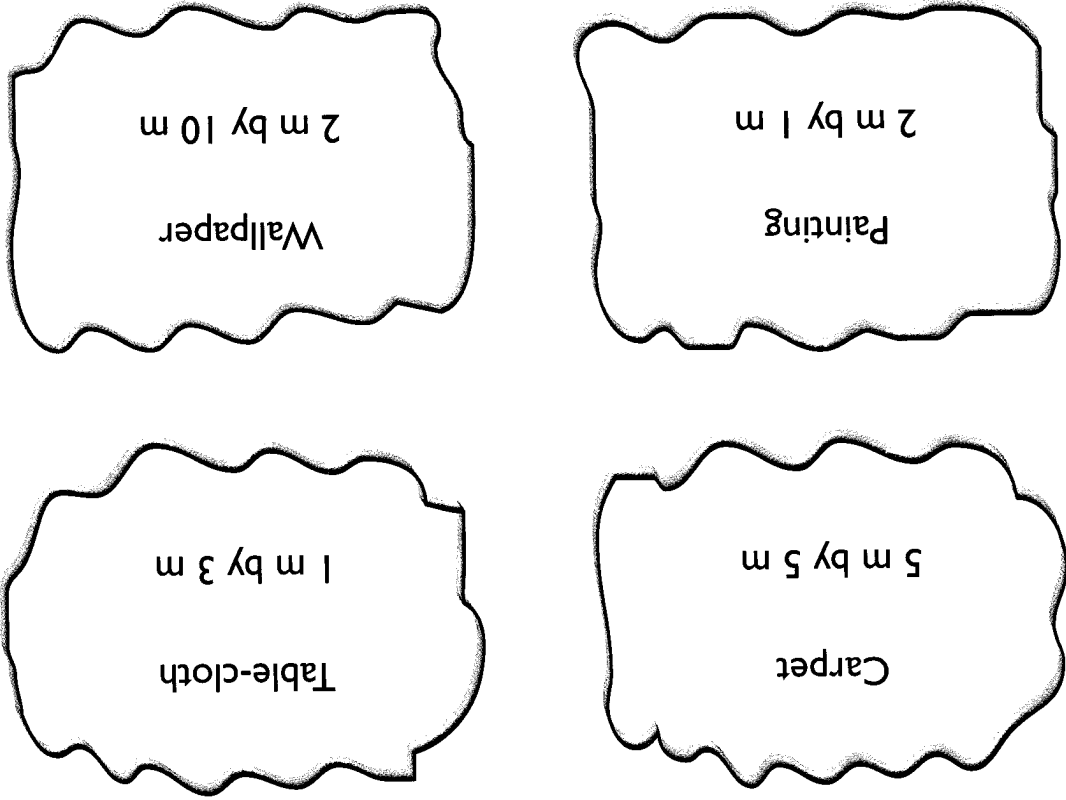
(b) Which figure has the largest area? _____

(c) Which two figures have the same area? _____ and _____

(d) What is the total area of the three figures?

Total area = _____ + _____ + _____ = _____ in²

5. Joyce bought a few rectangular-shaped items. The measurements of the items she bought are as follows:

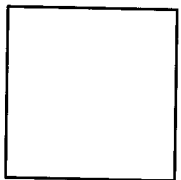


(a) What had the smallest area? _____

(b) What was the area of the table-cloth? _____

(c) How much larger was the area of the wall paper than the area of the painting? _____

6. Find the area of the following figures.

(a)  3 cm

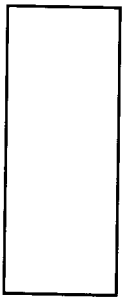
Area = _____ × _____ = _____

Area if _____ = _____

length and breadth are doubled

_____ × _____ = _____

_____ = _____

(b)  5 cm

2 cm

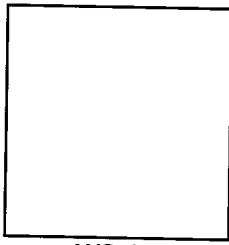
Area = _____ × _____ = _____

Area if _____ = _____

length and breadth are doubled

_____ × _____ = _____

_____ = _____

(c)  4 cm

4 cm

Area = _____ × _____ = _____

Area if _____ = _____

length and breadth are doubled

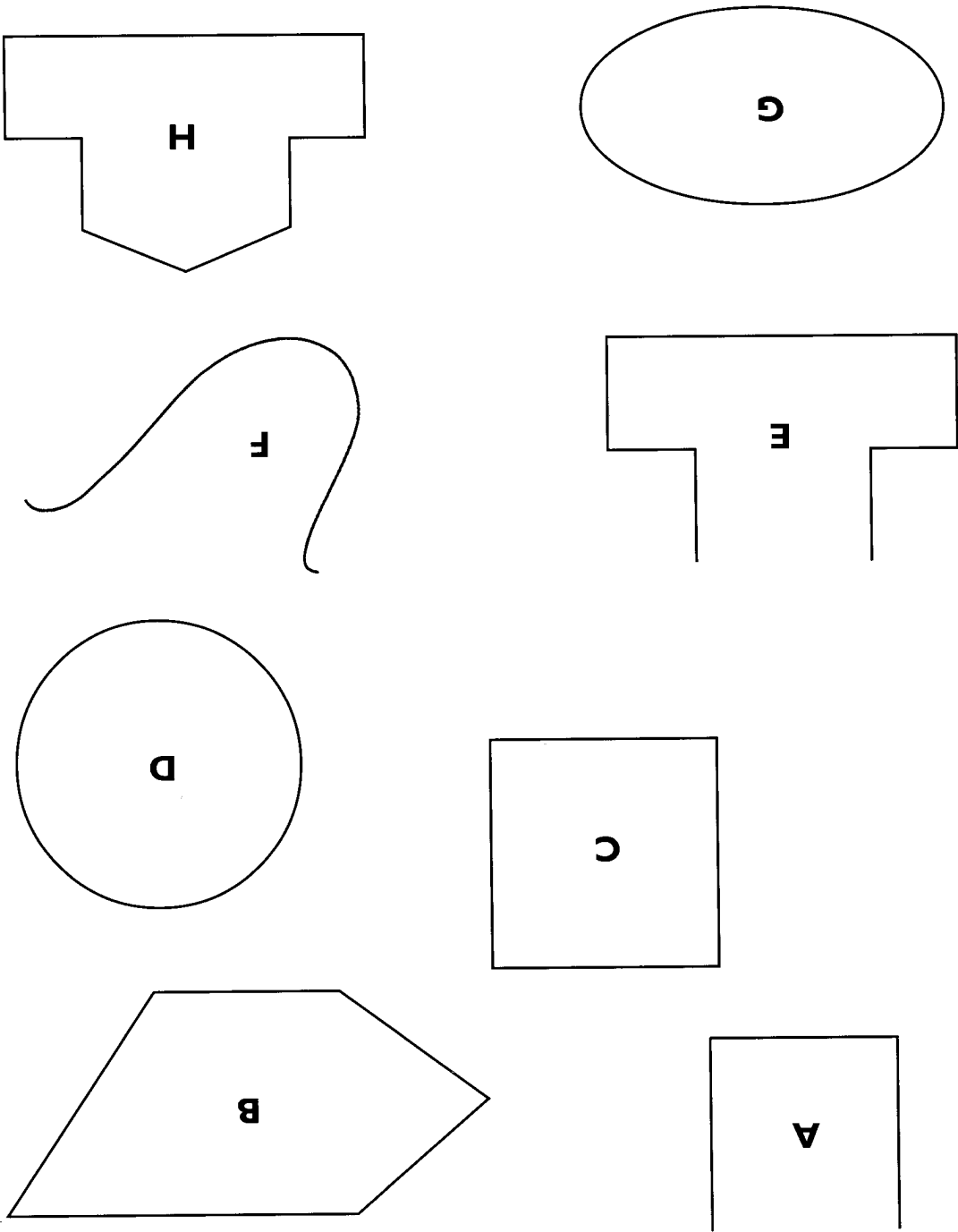
_____ × _____ = _____

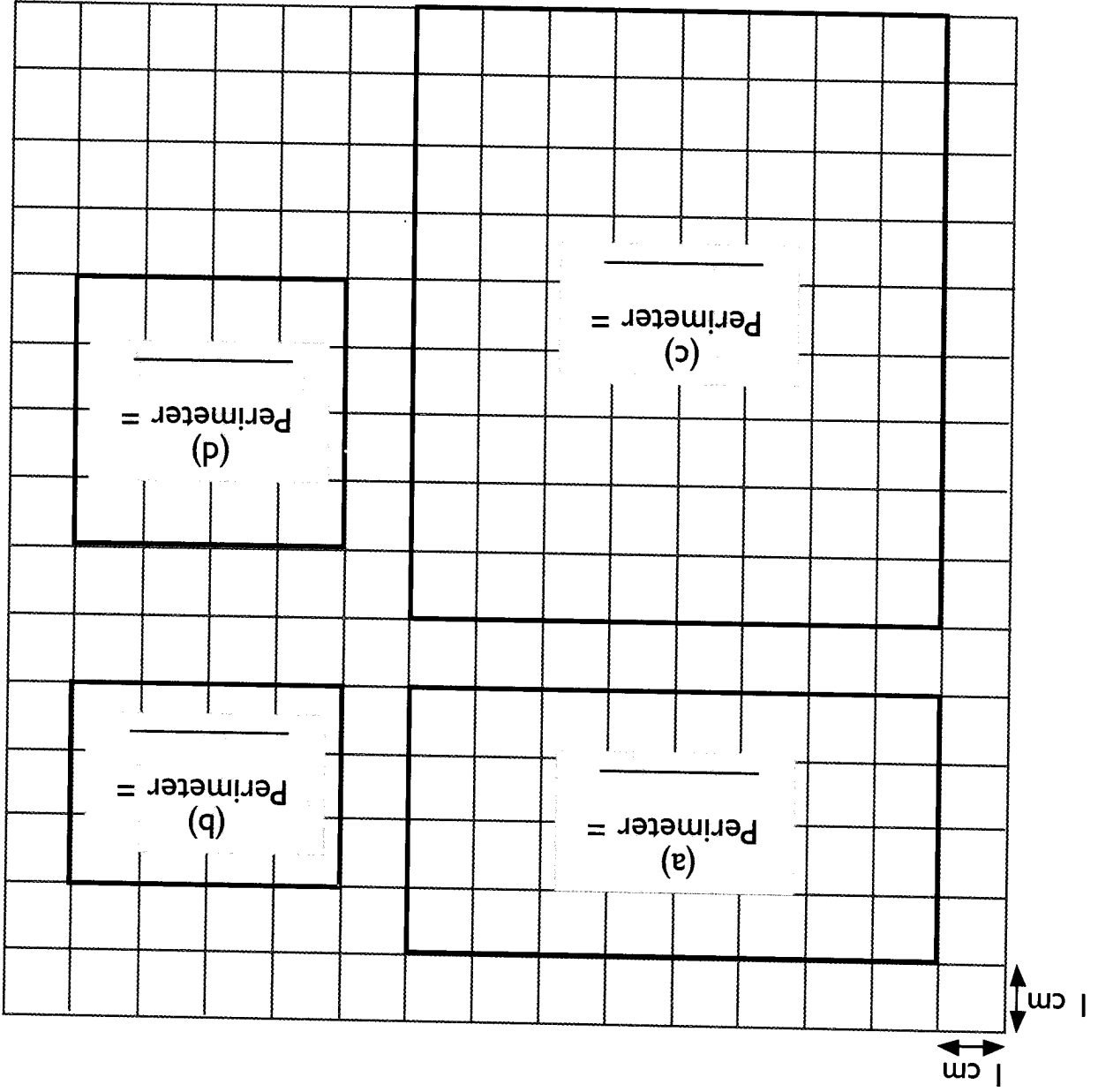
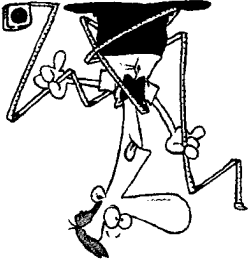
_____ = _____



Exercise three

1. Cross out the figures that do not have a perimeter.

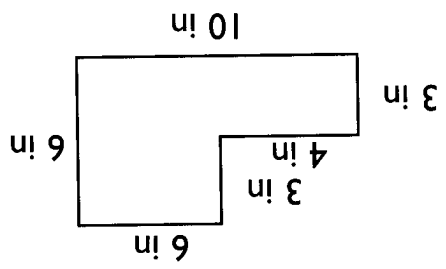




2. Find the perimeter of the following figures.

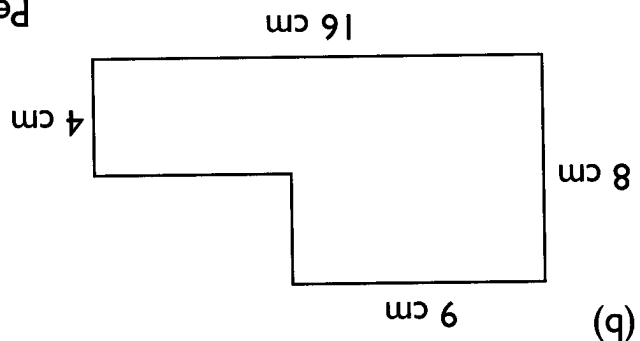
3. Find the perimeter of the figures below.

(a)



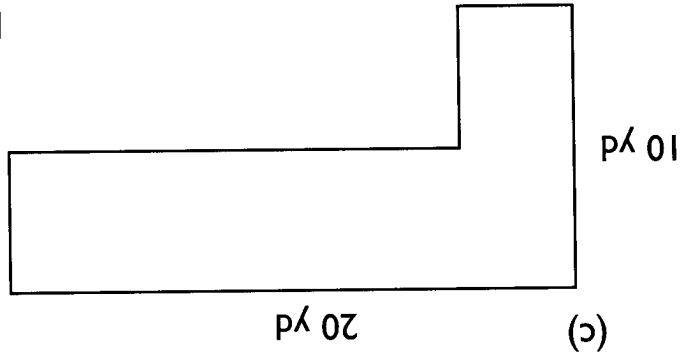
Perimeter = _____

(b)

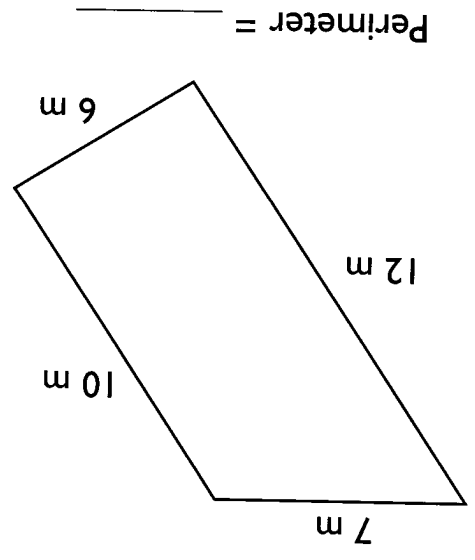


Perimeter = _____

(c)



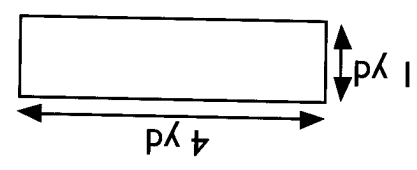
Perimeter = _____



Perimeter = _____

(a)

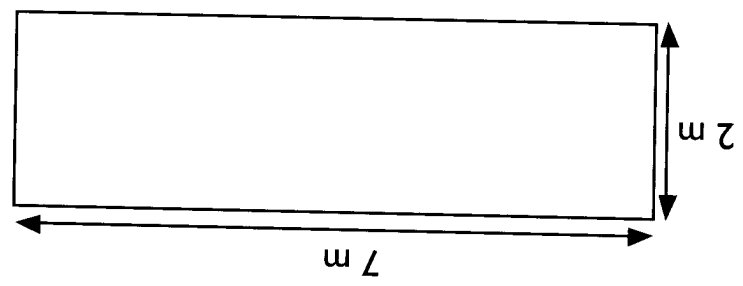
5. Find the perimeter of each figure.



Area = _____

Perimeter = _____

(b)

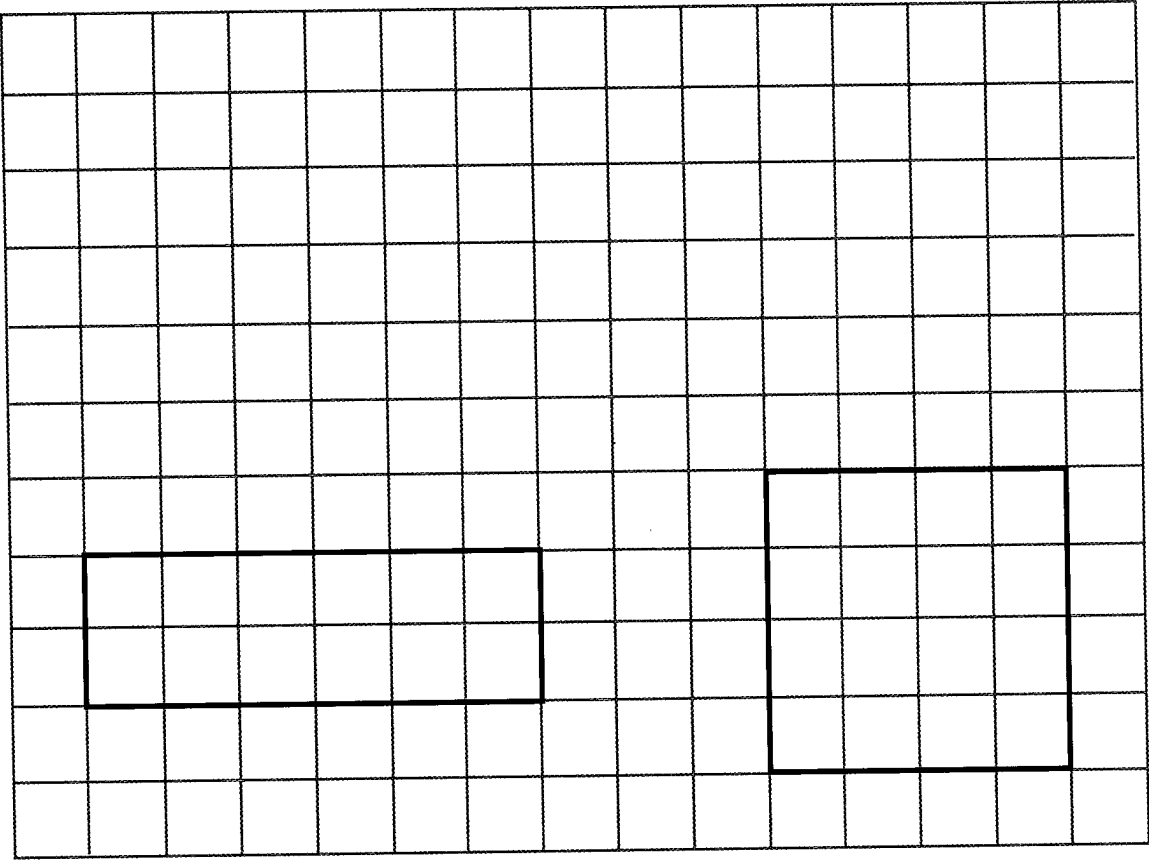


Area = _____

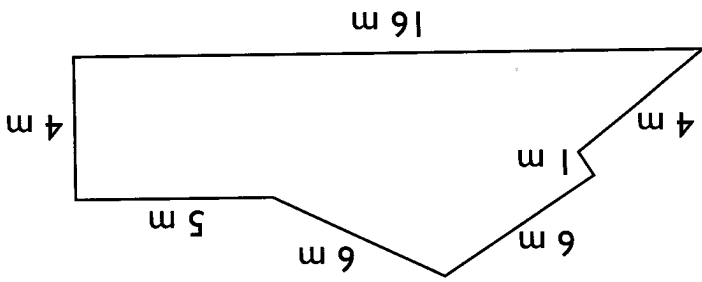
Perimeter = _____

(a)

4. Find the area and perimeter of each of the shapes below.



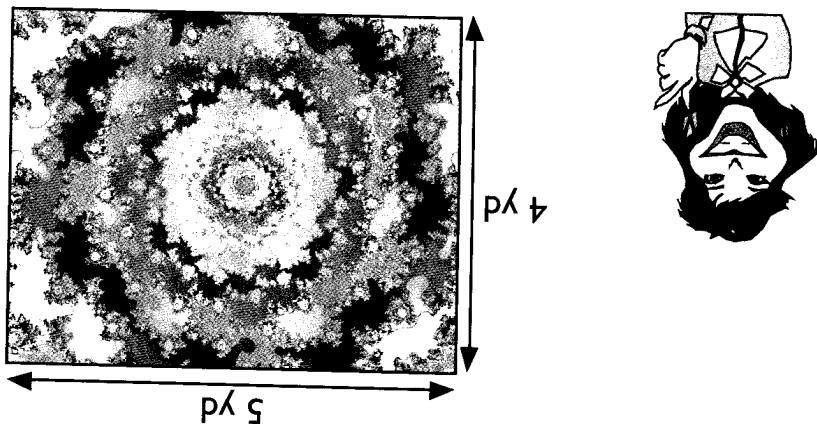
6. The 2 shapes in the grid below have the same perimeter. In the space below, draw another rectangle that has the same perimeter:



Perimeter = _____

(b)

7. Mary bought a carpet for her living room.



(a) What is the area of the carpet?

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

The area is .

(b) What is the perimeter of the carpet?

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

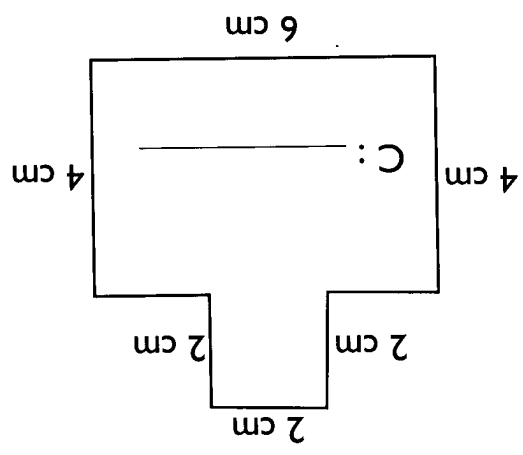
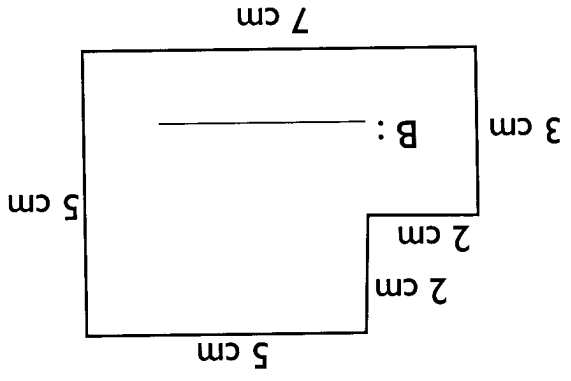
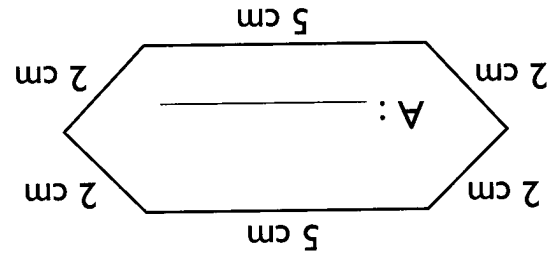
The perimeter is .

(c) If the length and breadth of the carpet were doubled, what would its perimeter be?

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Its perimeter would be times.

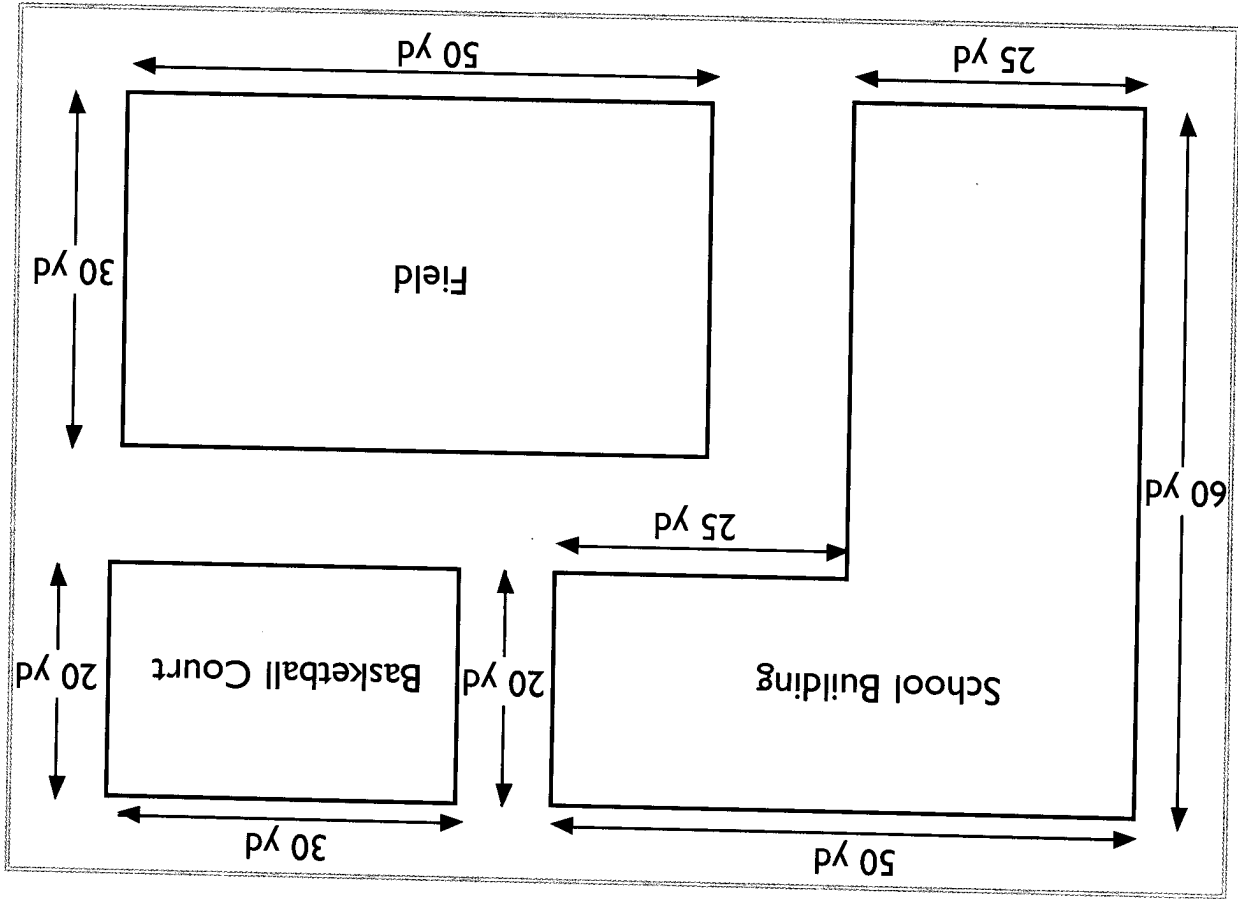
8. Find the perimeters of the given figures. Fill in the blanks.



(a) Figure _____ has the largest perimeter:

(b) The total perimeter of figures A and C is _____ cm.

- (a) The school building has a perimeter of _____ yd.
- (b) The basketball court has a perimeter of _____ yd.
- (c) Every Saturday, the students run around the school field 5 times. Calculate the total distance they run every Saturday.

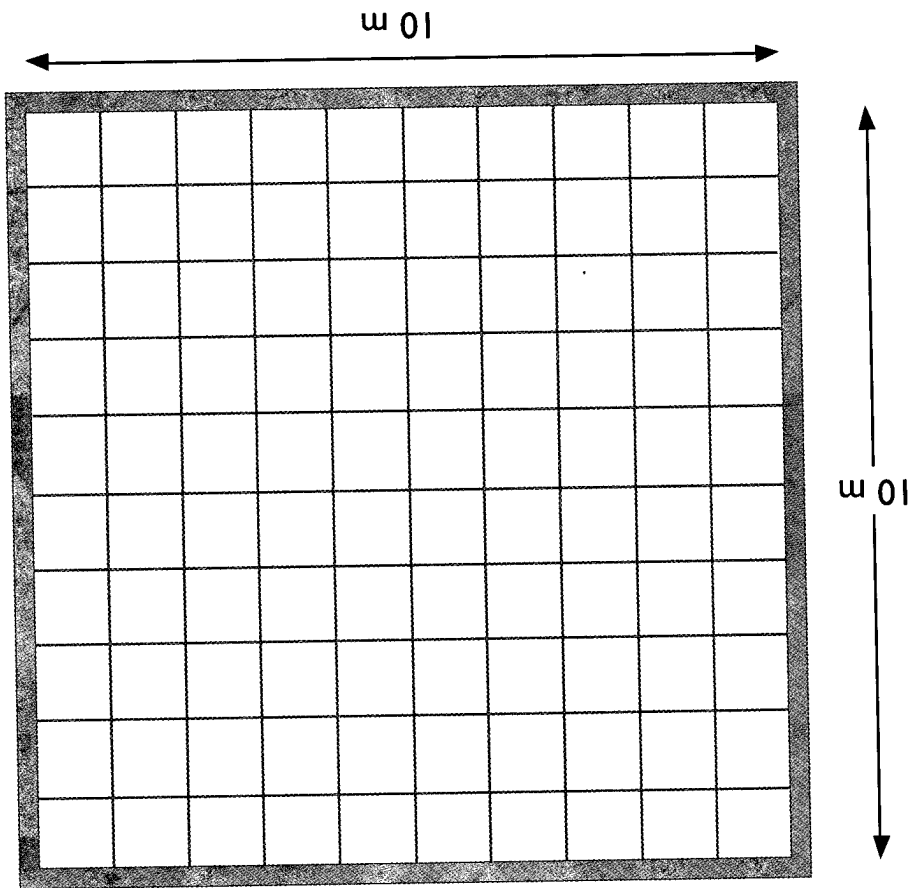


9. A plan of a school is given below.

Activity two



Let's learn to be an architect!



The above represents an empty floor plan. Now, draw the following rooms on the floor plan:

(a) 3 bedrooms;

(b) 1 kitchen;

(c) 1 living room;

(d) 2 toilets.

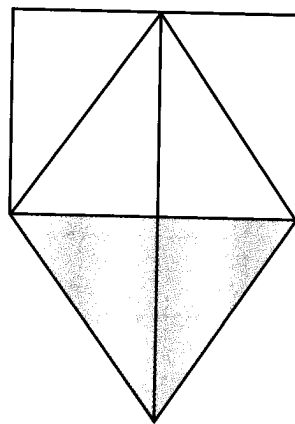
Make sure you name your rooms.

Let's Revise

Exercise one

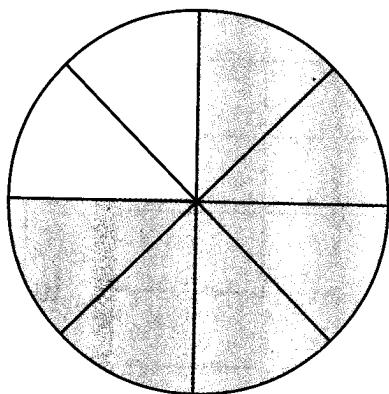


1. What fraction of each figure is shaded? Write each fraction in its simplest form.

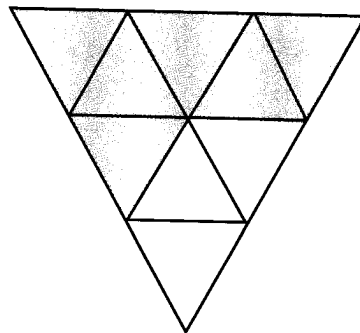


(a)

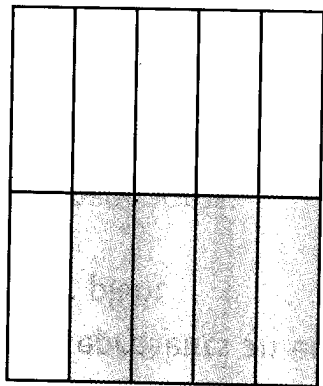
$$= \frac{9}{2}$$



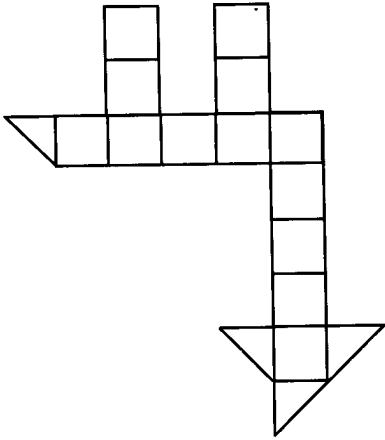
(b)



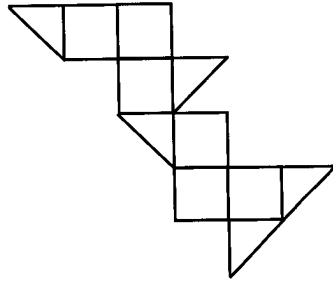
(c)



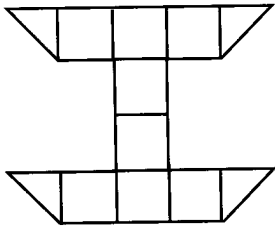
(d)



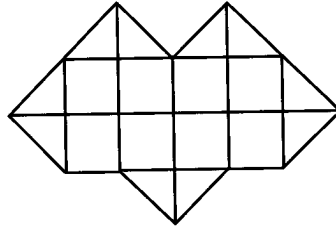
(p)



(c)



(b)



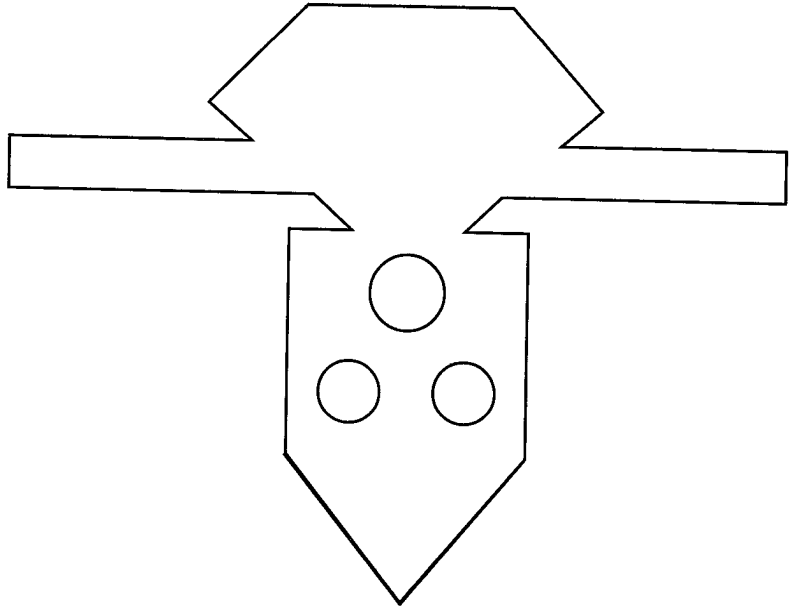
(a)

3. Find the areas of these figures. Each shows an area of 1 m^2 .

- (a) $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{4}{12}$, $\frac{1}{12}$
 (b) $\frac{4}{3}$, $\frac{2}{1}$, $\frac{8}{1}$

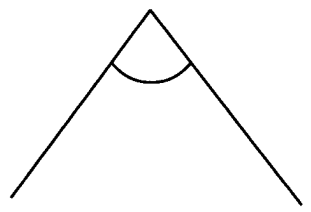
2. Arrange in order. Start with the smallest fraction.

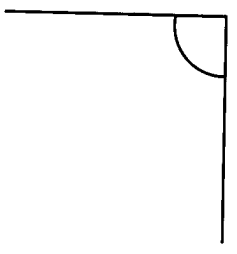
There are _____ right angles.

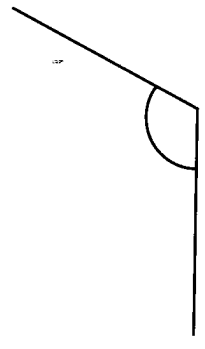


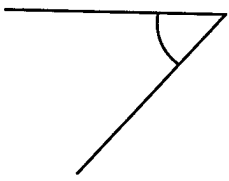
5. Mark all the right angles. How many right angles are there?

4. Tick the angle that is less than a right angle.

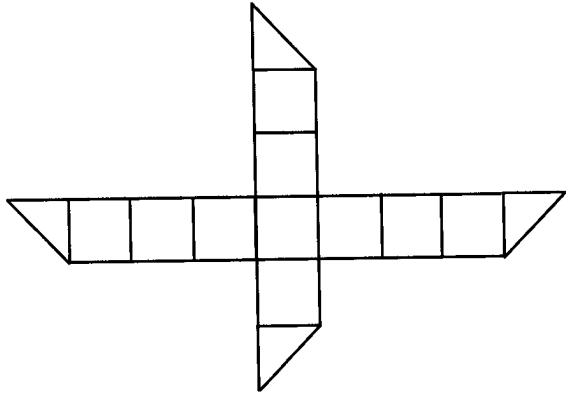
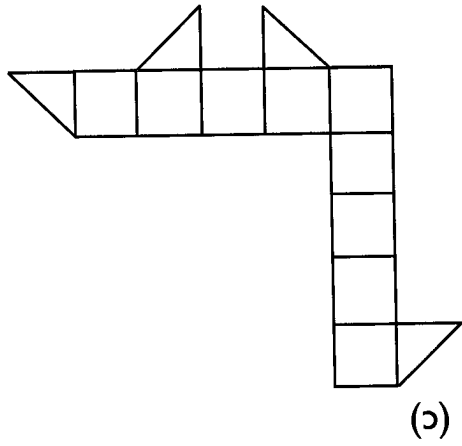
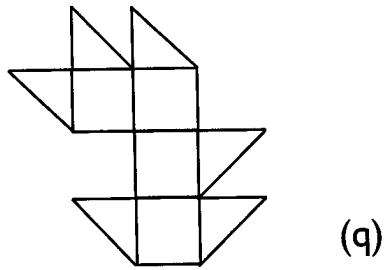
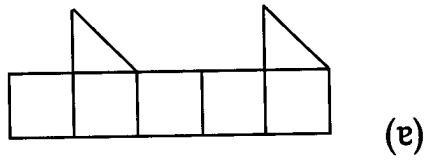
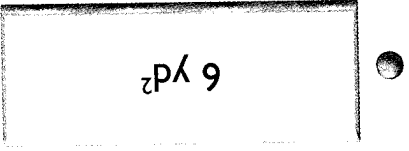
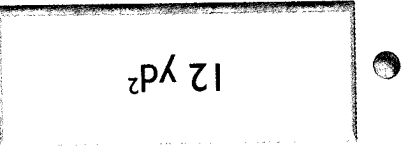
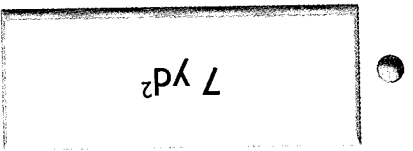
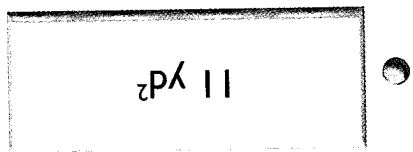
(a) 

(b) 

(c) 

(d) 

6. Match the figures to their areas. Each shows an area of 1 yd^2 .



(a) $\frac{\square}{4} = \frac{6}{2}$

(c) $\frac{\square}{2} = \frac{9}{6}$

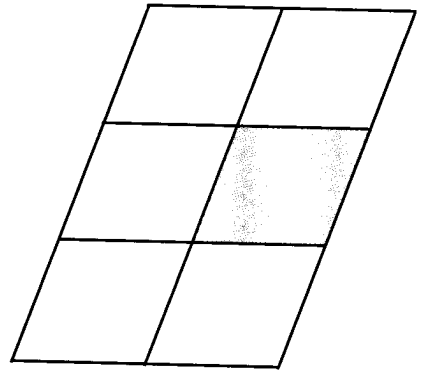
(b) $\frac{\square}{4} = \frac{10}{8}$

(d) $\frac{3}{\square} = \frac{12}{8}$

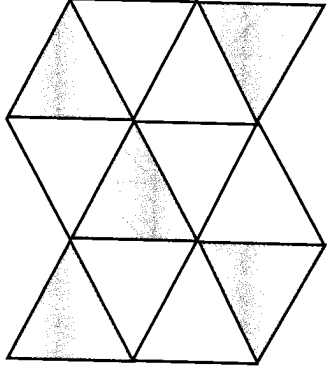
2. Fill in the missing numbers.

Fraction: _____
 Numerator: _____
 Denominator: _____

Fraction: _____
 Numerator: _____
 Denominator: _____



(a)

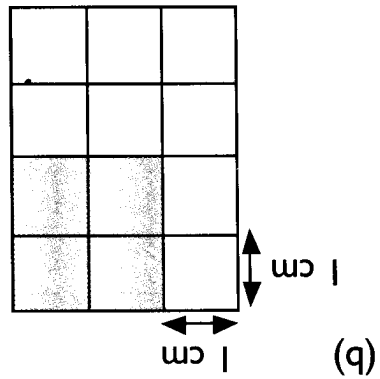


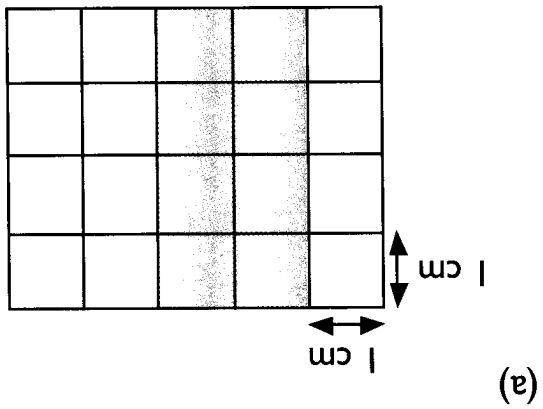
(b)

1. What fraction of each figure is shaded? What is the denominator and numerator?

Exercise two



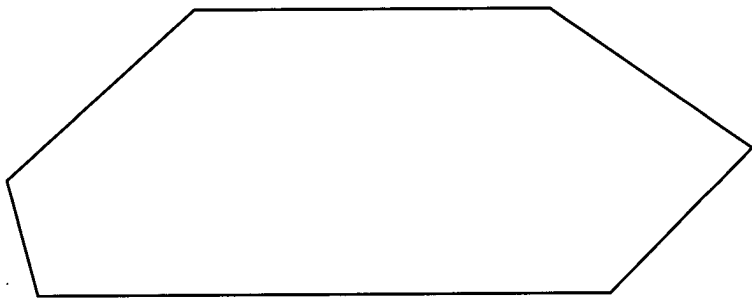




4. Find the area of the shaded part.

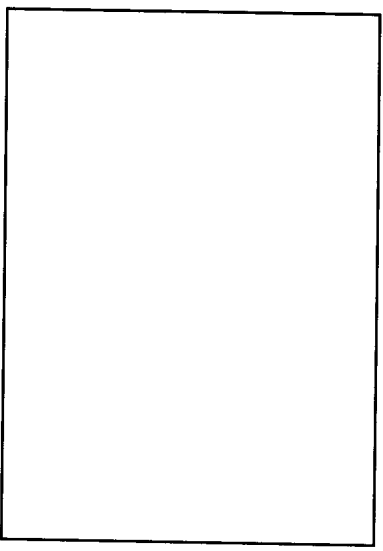
(b) How many angles inside the figure are less than a right angle?

(a) How many right angles are there inside the figure? _____



3. Look at the figure. Fill in the blanks.

5. Measure the length and breadth of each figure in centimeters. Find the area and perimeter of the figure.

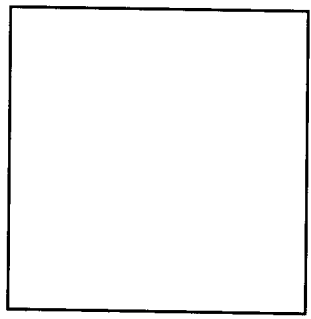
(a) 

Length = _____

Breadth = _____

Area = _____ × _____ = _____

Perimeter = _____ + _____ + _____ + _____ = _____

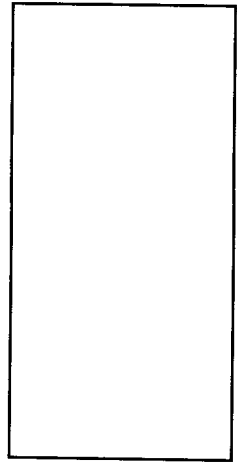
(b) 

Length = _____

Breadth = _____

Area = _____ × _____ = _____

Perimeter = _____ + _____ + _____ + _____ = _____

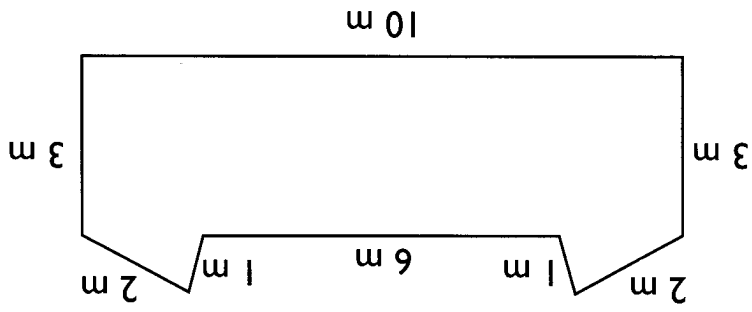
(c) 

Length = _____

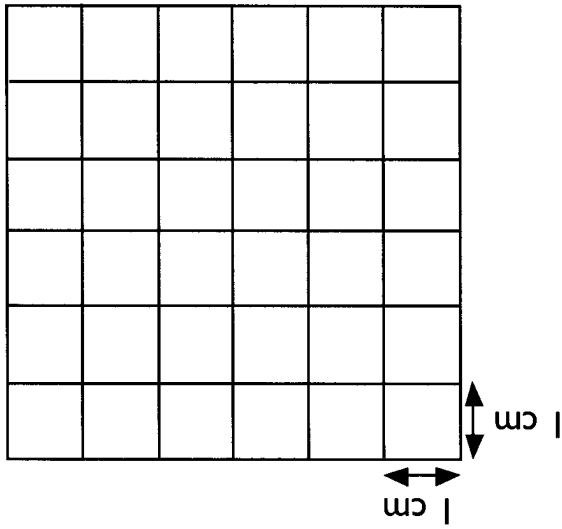
Breadth = _____

Area = _____ × _____ = _____

Perimeter = _____ + _____ + _____ + _____ = _____



2. Find the perimeter of the figure below.



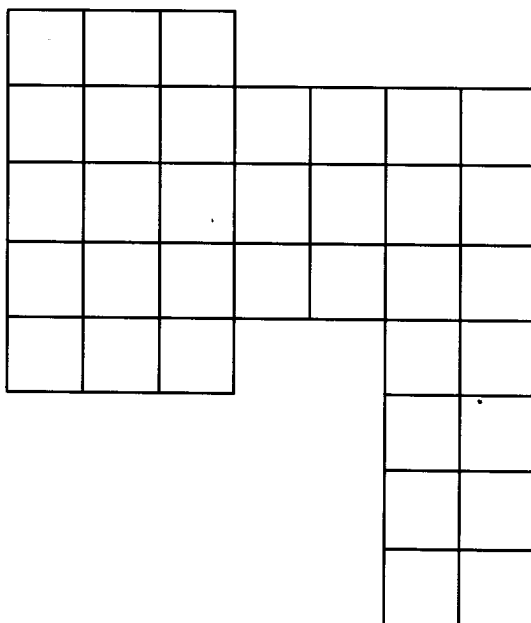
1. Shade the following figure to show an area of 15 cm^2 .

Exercise three



3. Find the area and perimeter of the following figures. Each shows an area of 1 cm^2 .

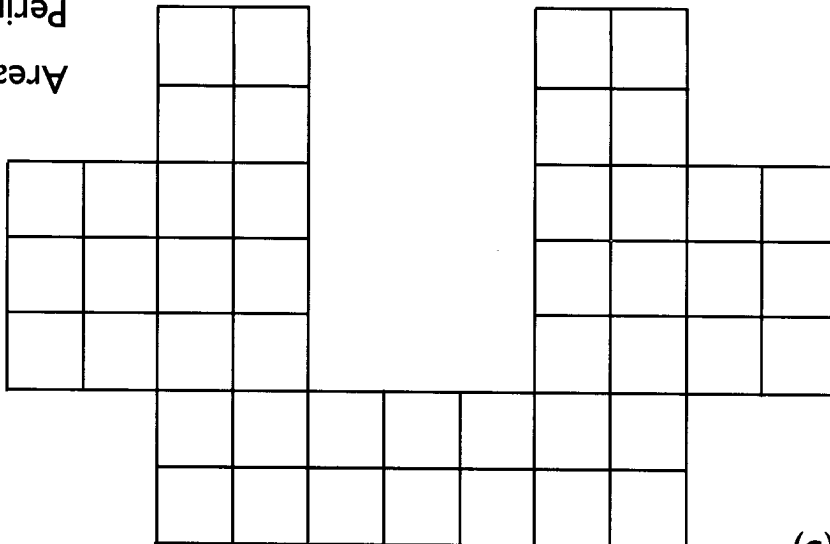
(a)



Area :

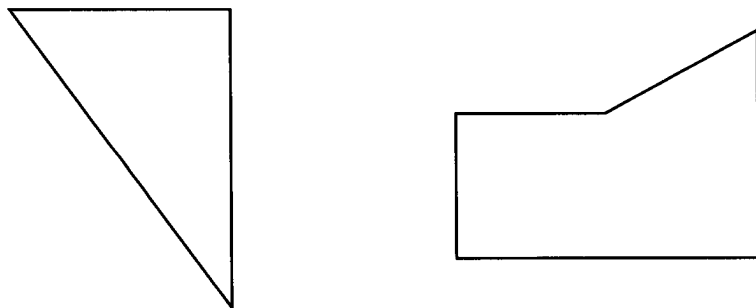
Perimeter :

(b)

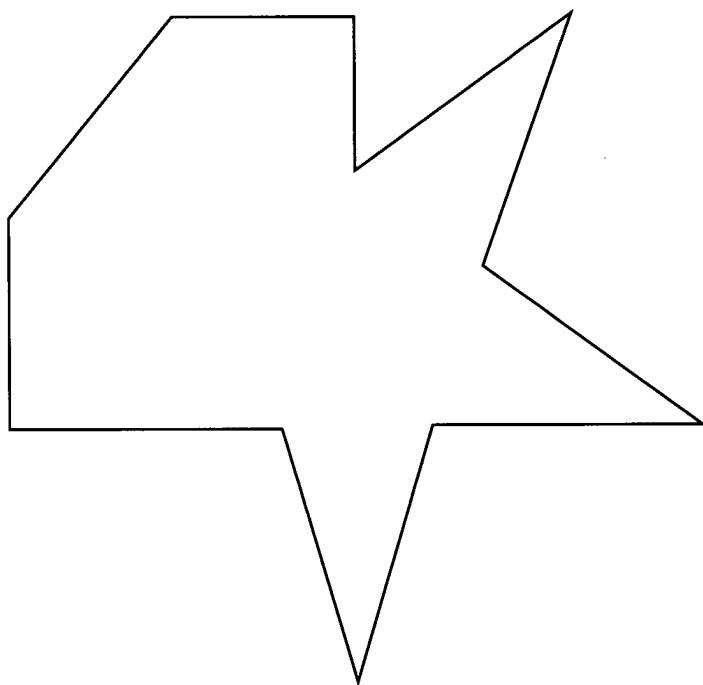


Area :

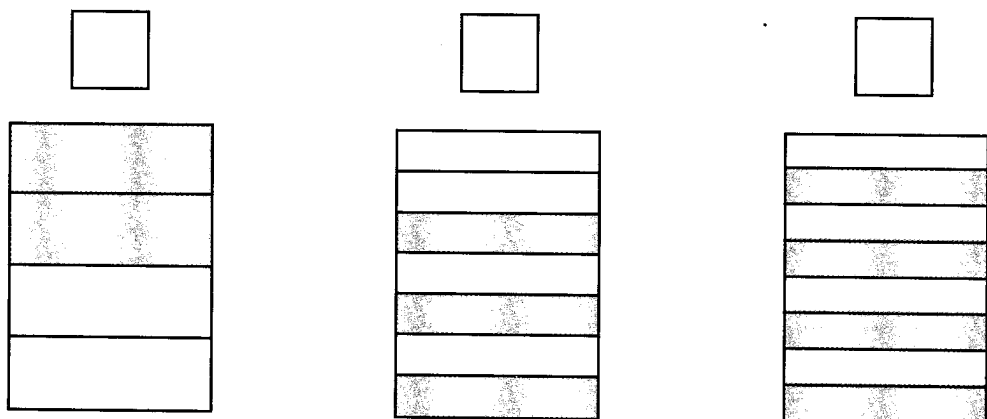
Perimeter :



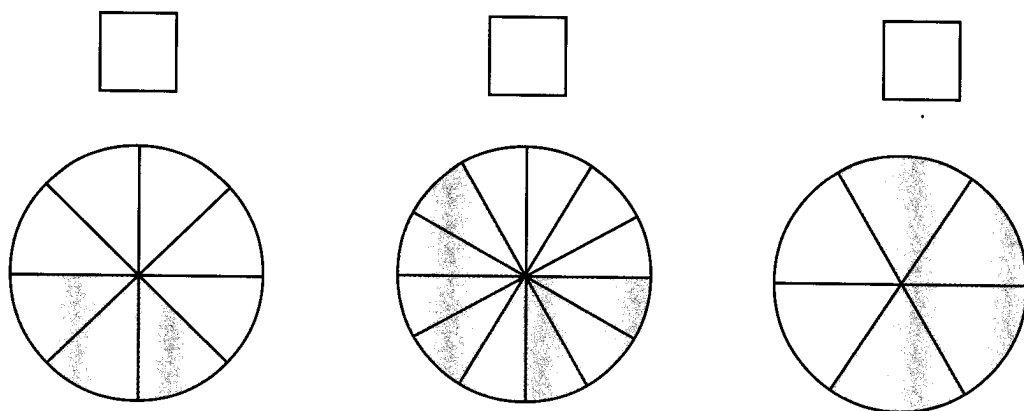
5. Mark out the right angles inside the following figures.



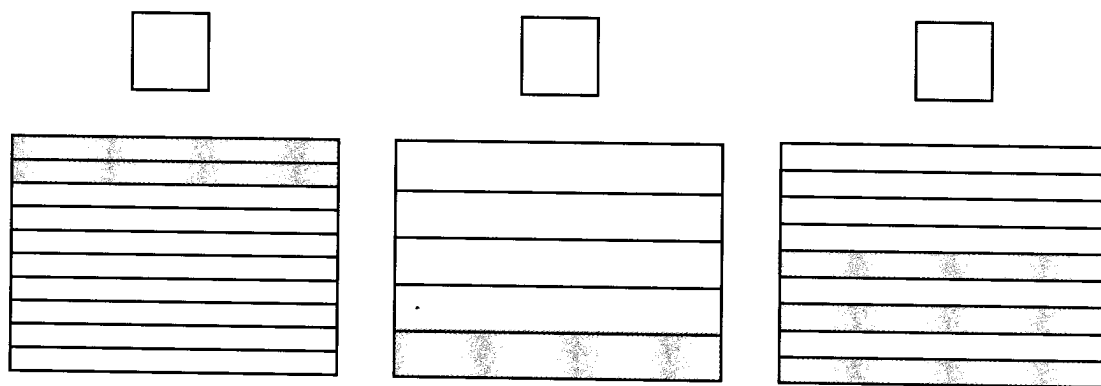
4. Mark out the angles that are less than a right angle inside the figure below.



(c)



(q)

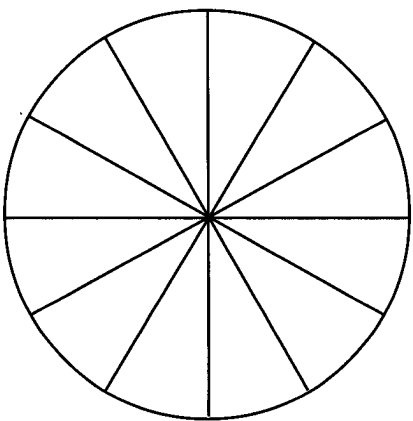


(a)

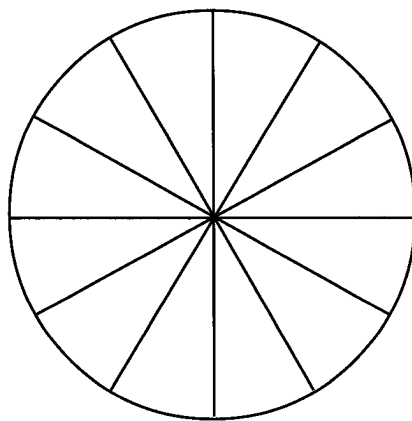
6. Tick the equivalent fractions represented by the shaded parts in each of the following.

7. Shade the figures to show the given fractions. Circle the larger fraction.

(a)

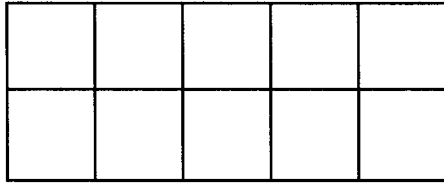


$$\frac{4}{1}$$

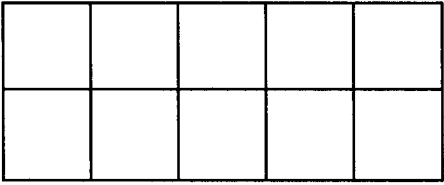


$$\frac{3}{1}$$

(b)

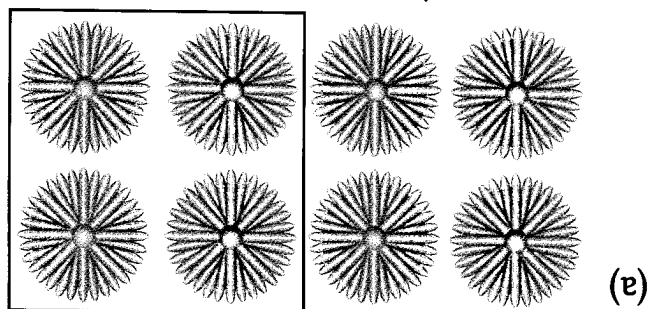


$$\frac{10}{3}$$

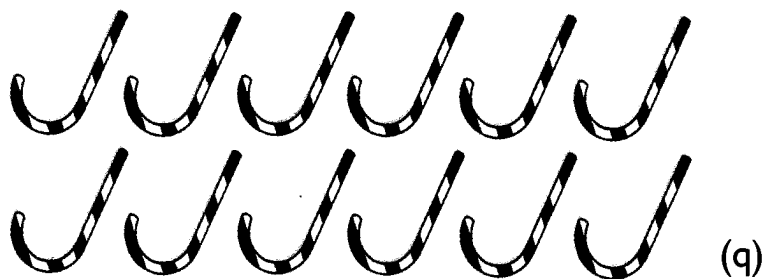


$$\frac{5}{2}$$

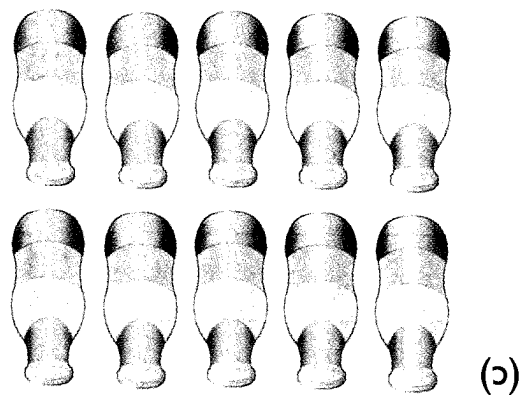
8. Fill in the blanks.



I gave away $\frac{4}{8}$ of the flowers. It is the same as $\frac{2}{\square}$ of the flowers.



I want to give away $\frac{3}{2}$ of my candy canes. It is the same as $\frac{12}{\square}$ of the candy canes.



I recycled $\frac{10}{6}$ of the bottles. It is the same as $\frac{\square}{3}$ of the bottles.